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VOL. XXIV BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING. OCTOBER 19, 1893. NO 41

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, Oct. 16, 1893.

Never was there a more distracted body of men than the democratic members of the Senate are at this writing. This distraction has existed more or less from the first day of the extra session, but the absurd ending of the test of physical endurance ordered by Mr. Cleveland in his childlike belief that a vote on the Voorhees unconditional repeal bill could thereby be forced has made it worse than ever. Consultation after consultation is held but they seem afraid to make a definite move. Some of them are of their constituents, some of each other, some of Mr. Cleveland, and all of the republicans. The physical endurance fight was won by the opponents of unconditional repeal, just as everybody knew it would be, because of the inability of the repealers to keep a quorum continuously in the Senate, and the efforts to settle the matter by a compromise may fail because a majority of the Senate cannot or will not agree.

The distraction has also apparently reached the administration, which is beginning to wabble in a very suspicious manner. While Mr. Cleveland shouts in the ear of Senator Vorhees, "Keep up the fight for unconditional repeal," Secretary Carlisle prepares a compromise measure which he has shown to several Senators and told them that the President would approve it if he could do no better. This compromise, which may at any hour be formally offered as an amendment to the Voorhees bill, or may not be offered at all, is a last and desperate attempt of the administration to have a safe financial legislation. It provides for the purchase of 90,000,000 ounces of silver during the next four years; for the repeal of the tax on state bank currency; for the coinage of seigniorage now in the Treasury, and for authority for the Secretary of the Treasury at his discretion to issue bonds to the amount of $150,000,000 to strengthen the gold reserve fund. It is not believed that a single republican Senator will support this compromise, unless the clause repealing the state bank tax be struck out. There is another compromise measure under consideration which finds considerable support because it would, if enacted into a law, give the people a chance to pass upon that portion of it dealing with silver a few months before it goes into effect. It provides for the repeal of the purchasing clause of the silver law to the take effect July 1, 1895, for the coinage of the seigniorage in the Treasury; for the retirement of all notes other than coin certificates below $10, and that no coin certificates above $5, shall be issued. It also amends the present law for the issue of bonds so as to limit the time for which any bonds issued may run to five years and the interest to three per cent. Of the two the last is unquestionably the best.

The democratic Senators were considerably alarmed on Saturday by a rumor that the republican Senators were tired of doing nothing and intended to go home, leaving them to maintain a quorum or to adjourn. Careful inquiry among the republicans proved the rumor to be without foundation further than that they are tired of doing nothing. That is true. They have a right to be tired; they are not consulted about any of the contemplated compromises, but they are prepared to do their duty and will support any amendment that meets their approval regardless of whether it may come from administration or anti-administration democrats.

The democratic members of the House ways and Means committee meets several times a week in a room way down in the crypt of the Capitol and spend several hours. It is alleged that this time is being put in on the preparation of the new tariff bill, but this is far from being certain as there are numerous good reasons for the belief that the members of this committee will have little or nothing to do with the preparation of the tariff bill which will at some time in the future be produced as their work, but will in reality be the work of men under the immediate personal direction of Mr. Cleveland. Chairman Wilson is gradually extending the time in the public predictions of when the bill will be reported to the House. In his latest interview he says it will not be reported before the first week in December. It will be reported whenever the boss directs that it be reported and not before, and just when that will be it is doubtful whether any one, except the boss himself, knows.

Mrs. Gen. Grant and her daughter, Mrs. Nellie Grant Satoris, spent last week in Washington, and although there was no official reception given them—they didn't wish it—they were entertained very pleasantly by their many friends, all of whom were glad to learn that Mrs. Satoris intends in the near future returning with her three children to make her permanent home in America; also, that Mrs. Grant hopes to purchase a home for herself in this city.

VAN ALEN.

For the first time in the history of the United States an important and honorable office has been openly sold for money to a bidder whose only merit is the possession of money. The REPUBLICAN has pointed out the infamy of the arrangement under which J. J. Van Alen was nominated as Ambassador to Italy. Van Alen has exhibited no personal ability and has performed no service calling for public recognition. He has not been, in the active sense, even a citizen of the United States. An American by nativity, he has shown in every way his preference for Great Britain as a place of abode.

As shown by the records of Newport, Van Alen did not even think it worth while to have his name entered on the voting list until he paid, or was about to pay the munificent sum of $50,000 for the Italian Embassy. As a real estate owner it was not necessary for him, under Rhode Island law, to register, or even to ask in person that his name be put on the list. That Van Alen's name was not enrolled speaks volumes as to his position in the community where he now claims citizenship. If he was really a citizen of Newport before 1892 why was he not taxed for personal property previous to that date? That he is a large holder of taxable personal property is not questioned. It is apparent that if he has been a citizen of Rhode Island during the years that he has had an English mansion at Newport he should follow up his $50,000 gift with other contributions of a more obligatory character.

The Senate has never been called upon by the President of the United States to confirm an appointment more obnoxious to the American people, with respect to party. The rejection of the nomination would be hailed throughout the land as a vindication of American principles. What ever the result may be, the repudiation of Van Alen by an influential portion of the Democratic press has had one good effect in bringing out tardy acknowledgment of the injustice done to President Harrison and Mr. John Wanamaker in regard to the selection of the latter for Postmaster General. The New York World admits that it owes an apology to Mr. Wanamaker for having compared his appointment to that of Van Alen. The World says:

Upon more careful reflection we are convinced that we owe an apology to John Wanamaker. We have, we regret, to say, done him an injustice in comparing his appointment as Postmaster General so closely with the nomination of J. J. Van Alen to be Ambassador at Rome. We have already accepted Mr. Wanamaker's word that he gave only $10,000 to the Harrison campaign fund, and raised only $200,000 for Quay's use instead of $400,000 Mr. Wanamaker contributed and raised money as a Republican to promote Republicanism, which meant to him protection to Pennsylvania industries. He did not do it primarily and solely to render himself legible to appointment to office. Mr. Wanamaker will please accept our apologies for borrowing the just cause of offense is his appointment as a parallel to the darker nomination of an undemocratic millionaire to a high office for value received.

These admissions come late, but they are not the less gratifying. Mr. Wanamaker, the successful merchant, the man who, by thrift and energy, by force of character and ability, had pushed up from obscurity to wealth and prominence, was fittingly selected by President Harrison for the high place whose duties he performed with signal efficiency. The appointment was one calculated to encourage every American youth to strive to achieve similar distinction, where as the Van Alen nomination means discouragement to all who have regarded the high offices of the Republic as the reward of honorable effort and within the reach of poor and rich alike. The nomination should be rebuked by a rejection so emphatic as to deter any Chief Magistrate in the future from following the odious example set in this instance by Grover Cleveland.

COUSIN BEN MARRIES.

"Cousin Ben" Folsom, having taken a wife, will probably settle down in Omaha, where he is said to own considerable real estate. I learned from a friend that "Cousin Ben" has not visited the White House since his return from the consular position at Sheffield, England, and that his relations with the President have been badly strained since last March, when he asked for a better place and was refused. From that moment political life lost its charm. He was allowed to retain the Consulship at Sheffield during Mr. Harrsion's term as an act of "courtesy to the cousin of Mr. Cleveland."

Vote the entire Republican ticket.

THE PEOPLE'S MONEY.

The appointment of a receiver for the Union Pacific railroad is a thing that may affect the government seriously. It will be remembered that in the Fiftieth congress a commission was authorized to investigate the Union and Central Pacific railways, and that an exhaustive report—or rather two reports—resulted. One report, that of the majority, favored an extension of the time of payment of the government indebtedness under the circumstances, while the minority report, by Gov. Pattison, recommended the institution of proceedings for the forfeiture of the charter of the Union Pacific and the winding up of its affairs. The commission consisted of Robt. E. Pattison, of Pennsylvania; Chairman E. Ellery Anderson, of New York, and David T. Tittle, of Illinois. It is worth remembering at this time, that under the receivership the government, which holds a second mortgage on the property of the Union Pacific, will not get anything for its investment.

Yesterday a Harrisburg correspondent was requested to invite Gov. Pattison's views on the result of the receivership on the government's claim. The governor evaded a direct answer, but said that if his recommendations in the minority report had been acted on, at least part of the government's claim might have been saved.

Gov. Pattison's report showed that, leaving the land subsidies and right of way grants out of the question, the total claim of the government, in principal and interest, reaches $179,000,000 in round numbers, toward which the railway had accumulated only about $30,000,000. There is reason to believe that under the receivership the government must lose the entire sum it has advanced to the Union Pacific in loans and other money paid, and it was probably one of the purposes of this receivership to squeeze out the government entirely. If the Union Pacific railway is sold it will go for less than enough to satisfy the first mortgage, and the government's claim will be extinguished by the foreclosure.

For 10 years congress has been talking about doing something toward the settlement of affairs of the subsidized railways, and this is the result. The government claims will be thrown out, because there will be nothing to satisfy them.

Gov. Pattison's report, dated December 1, 1887, closed with this paragraph:

At present prices of railroad construction it is evident that from the properties themselves this government cannot recover within $108,000,000 of the present value of the indebtedness owing to it by the bonded companies, and any extension of the time for payment would be useless and would expose to further risk and depreciation the present inadequate security for debt.

Here are the facts. They are plain enough to be understood by anybody.

STARS AND STRIPES VICTORIOUS.

The cup stays. In a roaring wind over rough waters, the Vigilant gallantly won the third race Friday in the international series. It was "Valkyrie weather," but the Yankee yacht has shown himself peerless in any sort of weather, and the sturdy Britons will have to try another year if they are still determined to get back the historic trophy that the fleet America wrested from English keeping more than four decades ago.

Exultation at the triumph of the Stars and Stripes will be tempered by sympathy and respect for brave Lord Dunraven, who has effectually proved his manhood and sportsmanlike spirit in the face of disheartening circumstances. If the contest had gone against us we could have surrendered the cup to no worthier antagonist.

The closeness of the final race may give some consolation to British yachtsmen. The accident to Valkyrie's spinnaker was regretted by none more keenly than by those on board the Vigilant. But there is no ground for doubt that the result of the three trials fairly indicates the merits of the river racers. The whole matter may be summed up in these words: The Valkyrie is a fast boat, but the Vigilant is a faster one.

ANNUAL VALUE OF THE ROLL.

The annual value of the pension roll for the year ending Jnne 30. 1893, was $130,510,179.34. The remainder of the $156,740,467.14, or $26,230,287.80, went to pay long-accumulating arrears on cases that had been lying in the Pension Bureau for years awaiting allowance.

If the business in the Pension Bureau were only brought up to date, the annual pension expenditure would at once drop at least $26,000,000, and thereafter would decrease rapidly as death carried off the pensioners.

This is a strong argument for making every case 'special' and settling it at once.

It would reduce the expenditures to a business-like basis that people could understand, and there would be no expressions of discontent at the largeness of an expenditure that was seen to greatly decrease every year as tens of thousands of pensioners crossed the Dark River.

FAIR PLAY FOR THE FARMER AND MINER.

Representative Houk of Tennessee has addressed an open letter to Chairman Wilson of the Ways and Means Committee earnestly protesting, in behalf of the people of East Tennessee, against the Democratic proposition to put so called "raw materials" on the free list. Mr. Houk remarks forcibly:

I do not see why the laborer in the United States who toils painfully in an iron or coal mine, or does the heavy and dangerous work of felling trees or running logs; or hoes, picks, gins and bales cotton in the hot sun of our Southern fields; or mines, breaks, loads and hauls coal to the place where it only requires being shoved into a furnace to make steam, or by its warmth keep alive some Yankee during a bleak New England winter; or the farmer out West who raises and sends to him wheat and corn and pork and beef are not as worthy of consideration at the hands of your committee as are the New Englander or New Yorker or the Bermuda onion men.

Congressman Houk's position is unassailable on grounds of reason or justice. The common interests require that the Southern and Western farmer and miner shall be protected as much as the Eastern manufacturer. The "free raw materials" cry is a cheat and a humbug, raised by free trade demagogues and helped along by a small minority of selfish and short-sighted manufacturers. The Press has always contended that protection was not an expedient, but a principle, that applied to the products of the farm and mine as well as the products of the factory.

Congressman Houk's letter shows that the continuance of protection is essential if the magnificent mineral resources of the South, now just beginning to be utilized, are to be developed until they transform Southern poverty to wealth and give remunerative employment to skilled laborers by the hundred thousand. He deserves credit for his manful stand in behalf of the interests of his constituents.

COMPROMISED is now the watch word of the hour at Washington—a compromise which enables the democrats to get together and pass a measure which they can point to as a party measure, accomplished without republican aid. Whatever may be the nature of this scheme it will only result in injury to the party managers who have conceived it. The country is watching time. The majority want no compromise; they want congress, regardless of party affiliations, to obey the mandate of the two national conventions and repeal the purchasing clause of the Sherman act. They are impatient at the delay that has already occurred in the senate and are satisfied that compromise means evil. The New York Times was right when it warned its fellow democrats that partisan action on the financial question would prove disasterous to the party. Still, it really makes very little difference now, so far as the fate of their party is concerned, what the democratic managers do. The people have had quite enough of democratic supremacy and they mean to embrace the first opportunity to make another "Change"—one that will restore the republican party to power.

Not often is more frozen truth told in a few minutes than Senator Sherman uttered in his brief speech yesterday. It was a true, earnest and yet temperate appeal to the majority to do their duty, to break up filibustering and obstruction, and pass the Repeal bill, or else confess their incompetence and retire from the field. Honest Democrats must admit the justice of Mr. Sherman's severe arraignment. Will it fall on unheeding ears in the Senate chamber?

THE sovereign people of these United States have learned in the last six weeks that there are some individuals in the Senate who were intended by their creator for the corner grocery, the blacksmith shop and the huckster wagon. As occasion presents itself they will see to it that these so-called statesmen get back to their proper vocations without unnecessary loss of time.

DEMOCRATIC howlers point to Coal Barons and Pig Iron Kings as an evidence of how easily money is made. Won't some Democrat rise up and explain how one Richard Croker, of New York, has grown to be a millionaire without visible occupation other than political bossism.

Everyone should avail themselves of the offer The Pittsburg Dispatch is now making to its readers of "A Trip Around The World" for four two-cent postage stamps. Full particulars in The Dispatch of October 15th and 16th.

—"Faust" was presented in Garman's opera house last night to a small audience.

NO COMPROMISE.

The situation at Washington continues chaotic. Though some still hope for silver purchase repeal, that hope seems to have no more substantial basis than an extremely sanguine disposition, which holds to the spirit of the adage "while there is life there is hope." The Wilson bill is still before the Senate and there is nothing to prevent its passage but obstruction and an abuse of courtesy by the Senate is prevented from performing its constitutional duty to vote.

The talk is all of compromise. A score or more of amendments have been offered most of which are claimed to be in the nature of compromise, though it is not easy to perceive where sound money would gain anything by their adoption over the present law. It is possible that a compromise will result from the present struggle, but there is no reason why Republicans should be a party to it. The Sherman law itself was a compromise pass by Republicans to avoid worse legislation threatened by the Democrats in temporary alliance with a minority of the Republicans. That act has served its purpose and now should be repealed. This the Republicans should stand up for and solidly support, but there is no obligation, moral or political, why they should consent to anything less.

Stewart and other silver Senators have declared repeatedly that they will never consent to the repeal of the silver purchase clause unless something more friendly to silver is adopted in its place. The bulk of the Republicans will never think of consenting to anything which would result in injecting more silver into the currency or more silver bullion into the Treasury than the present law does. Where then is the basis for a compromise? Congress was not summoned to give us a worse silver law than we already have. If the silver men will not allow a better one to be passed Congress might as well adjourn and go home.

If a compromise measure is presented in the face of these conditions and the struggle for silver repeal abandoned by the representatives of the Administration in the Senate the affair should be left wholly with the Democrats. There is the responsibility. Let them carry it and face the verdict of the country. The Republicans have done their duty in supporting silver purchase repeal with as nearly as possible their entire strength, the exception being only Cameron, of Pennsylvania, and the silver Republicans. Let the real Republicans in the Senate continue to support repeal and get a vote on it, if possible, but neither policy nor principle calls upon them to support a compromise, but rather sternly and persistently to oppose it.—Philadelphia *Press*.

IT has been reserved to J. J. Van Alen, the gentleman who purchased the Italian mission from Mr. Cleveland, as the acme of his humiliation to be sued by a string band for services rendered.

IT IS TIME FOR ACTION.

The election is now but three weeks off, leaving a very small margin for active political effort. It is presumed that the majority of Republican voters have in their own minds decided on the course to be pursued, but in view of the fact that this is an off year it cannot be concealed that many are indifferent and careless and disinclined to take an active part. The position thus assumed is a great mistake and may work injury to the party. The need of a decided majority was never greater than the present, and Republicans should arouse themselves and prepare to poll their full strength, which will undoubtedly be augmented by the assistance of hundreds of Democrats who now fully realize the mistake of their party's policy.

The deplorable situation into which the country has been thrown by the political revolution of last year calls for immediate action, and nothing would be so calculated to restore confidence as a decided Republican majority next month. A just rebuke to the misguided leaders who have plunged the nation into financial distress closed the manufacturing establishments and unsettled business in every branch, would do more towards remedying the evil than any possible legislation by the extraordinary session of Congress, which in its attitude has been more injurious than beneficial.

The Republicans of Pennsylvania have nominated a ticket in every respect worthy of an old time, rousing majority. Judge Fell is sure of an overwhelming vote in Philadelphia, and if the Republicans of the interior do their full duty the fondest hopes of those who recognize the need of aggressive action at this time will be more than realized. Samuel M. Jackson, the candidate for State Treasurer, a gentleman of unimpeachable integrity, should have the vote of every Republican in the state. The lethargic influences of an off year should not prevail and will not prevail if the voters stop long enough to convince themselves that the need for action is imperative; they should not underestimate the value of their individual support.

CLOSING DAYS OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION—LAST LOW-RATE EXCURSION VIA PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

This is the last month of the great Columbian Exposition, an American exhibition which eclipses the effort of all nations, past and present—and Saturday, the 21st marks the end of the popular low-rate coach excursions of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to the World's Fair City. The extensive patronage bestowed on all previous trips of this character and the universal verdict of former participants that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company carries by far the greatest number and the best class of people, thoroughly attest the genuine worth of the facilities to be enjoyed on this route. These facts, coupled with the fortunate and entire immunity from accident of any kind thus far, and the completeness and dispatch with which this traffic has been handled, place the Standard Railroad in the enviable position which it proudly claims—of being the best, safest, and quickest route to the West.

All who can do so are advised to visit the stupendous show, as it is highly improbable that another of its immense magnitude will be seen by the people of this generation, and the enormous multitude of wonderful and awe-inspiring sights collected there must be seen to be appreciated.

The remarkable rate of $18 from New York and $17 from Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington, and correspondingly low rates from other points on the vast system, will apply for the last time on the date above mentioned. The excursion will start from New York at 9.00 and Philadelphia at 11.30 A. M. A section will leave Washington at 10.15 and Baltimore at 11 10 A. M., connecting with the regular sections at Harrisburg. Tickets will also be sold from principal intermediate stations, passengers from stations not located on the main line taking regular trains to nearest point of connection with the special.

A PROSPEROUS FAIR.

IN two weeks the world's fair will come to an end. The talk about extending the time beyond October 31 has come to nothing, and the desire of the directors as well as the country at large, is to close the exhibition with a flourish befitting its importance. The attendance lately has been enormous, and the indications are that the fair will nearly, if not quite pay all expenses. This is all that need be hoped because, as the PRESS has remarked several times, the fair was not intended to be a money-machine.

Last week the number of paid admissions was 2,121,794, of which Chicago day contributed 700.000 and the indications are that the weekly average will not be much below that up to the close of the fair. The interest in it is naturally increasing as the end approaches, and there will be a general rush to see it before its close, to say nothing of the fact that Manhattan day will probably be only second in point of attendance, and that there will be notable days before the close.

The proposition to make the last day of the fair "Patriotic day" is a proper one. Chicago and New York will have had their days, and the various states and foreign countries have been honored in a similar way, so that in common decency the United States as a whole cannot be left out. It is suggested that there will probably be over a million people in Jackson park on the closing day, so that it should be easy enough to make a kind of Fourth of July demonstration that will out do anything ever seen in this country in the way of a popular celebration.

There have been thus far this month about three and a quarter million admissions to the fair. The attendance for the remaining two weeks will probably bring it nearly to 6,000,000 for the month giving a total for the whole time of the fair about 20,000,000. This will give some $10,000,000 from paid admissions, about half as much more for concessions of various kinds, and sums of different sizes from other sources.

Altogether, the directors should find themselves in not such a very financial condition when they balance their books, while the country is willing to admit that it has had a fair of its greatness.

COL. MCCLURE GROWING WORSE.

The condition of A K McClure steadily grows worse and it is not believed that he can much longer withstand the strain upon his system. The patient is delirious and it is now said that in addition to his other ailments, acute Bright's disease of the kidneys has developed.

A NUT FOR NATURALISTS.

We were "clearing and piling" up in the north lot, getting a large piece ready to burn off. It had been felled the season before. Peter Phelps was helping us; he worked for father that year. Peter was a good enough sort of fellow, not very lazy nor yet very ambitious. He would work well when there was a whole gang with him, but leave him alone, and he wasn't apt to get much done. Mentally nature had not endowed him very heavily, and he had never improved much upon the old dame's legacy. Personally he was an average job, of a sandy complexion, pretty well featured but drawled a little, and had a slack sort of laugh.

"I never knew a man to be much," father used to say, "who laughed like that."

Peter wasn't much, but still he was some at bragging eating, and several other little things. I don't know, hardly, how we got the impression, but Will and I had always set him down in our minds as a prodigious coward. Still, he was always Peter, nothing more, nothing less, and couldn't have been if he tried.

On our third day up in the lot father had to go away in the afternoon, and a little before night Will and I went down to do the chores, leaving Peter to work alone till nightfall.

Well, it came on night. Father had got back, and old Mr. Stetson had come in to get his paper which father had brought up. We were all sitting before the fireplace, for the evenings were still quite cold.

"Hasn't Peter come down yet?" asked father.

"I guess not," replied Will.

"Seems to me he stays pretty well," continued father. "I don't care about his working so late. Go sound the horn, Will."

But before he could leave the room we heard a shout, or rather a yell, from without. Will caught open the door, and in bounded Peter, upsetting Will completely, and throwing over several chairs.

"Hold the door!" he gasped; hold it hard!" And, recovering himself from his tumble, he planted his back against the closed door, and held as if for dear life.

"Whew!" ejaculated Mr. Stetson.

"What is it, Phelps? What ails you?" demanded father.

"What's the matter?" was the general cry.

Peter was too brethless to explain at once, but stood puffing and holding the door as if not only his own life, but the salvation of us all, depended upon it.

"Come, Phelps, what was it?" again demanded father. "Anything chasing you?"

"Yes—yes—some kind of a critter," he panted. An Indian, I expect."

Will and I ran to the window, but there was nothing in sight. Peter was partly persuaded, partly pulled away from the door, and we all rushed out to examine for ourselves. But there was nothing to be seen or heard, and we couldn't help laughing at the row Peter had raised.

It had grown quite dark, and despite all his assertions, we were considerably inclined to doubt. We had no great faith in his valor, and thought he must have been mistaken. We knew there were bears and "lucivees" about, but they very rarely meddle with a man, and it had been three years since we had heard of a catamount being in the township.

Mr. Stetson started for home, and we went into the house to hear Peter's story more in detail. In a few moments, however, Stetson came running into the back yard at a pretty smart pace for a man of years,

"Take your gun, Alwood," said he to father, "and come down quick."

Father caught down the old gun, and we all followed Mr. Stetson down the road. Some twenty rods below the house the forest extended up the road, and there were some large hemlocks and pines that overhung the path.

"There," said the old man, "there's some sort of a creature in that tree. Be cautious! He's a big chap, whatever it is. See there, how those limbs bend and crack!"

"Did you see it?" asked father.

"Yes, he was close upon me. I came up within three or four rods before I saw him, it's so dark. He was standing right there in the path under the hemlocks. Why, he looked to me as tall as your young colt, and his eyes shone like fire. But I should have taken him for a deer if he had not leaped up into the tree. I can't say certain as to his color in the dark, so, but it seemed reddish."

"The same creature!" cried Peter. "I thought it was red."

"I can't imagine what it is," said father. "A catamount, you know, is a light drab color, and not so tall as you say this is, either."

"There," said Will, who had got on a high stump near the path. "I can see something among the hemlock there. Yes, it moves. Get up here, father, and fire at it."

Father got up and let the contents of the old "queen's arm" go into the tree. Almost with the report there came a loud snarling cry, and the creature bounded into another tree, then into another, and so on, making a tremendous cracking till, some distance into the woods, we heard it spring heavily to the ground and run off into the forest. We stood listening, and presently heard the same cry again, from far up the side of the mountain.

"He's gone," said father; "let's go back. How far did he chase you, Phelps?"

"Why," said Peter, glad to be relieved at last, "I had just started from the field to come down through the woods by the path that we've made there. I hadn't got more than a dozen rods before I heard the same screech behind me. I looked round and saw this creature coming down the trunk of a big birch, just like a squirrel. It wasn't very dark then, you know, and I could see that it was a large, cat-like looking beast, colored red as your oxen. I ran, and I heard him after me all the way to the house."

"Strange!" said father. "I never knew or heard of anything like this before. We shall have to be pretty careful, if we've got such a neighbor as this near us."

We kept a sharp lookout for several days as we went and came from the clearing, but saw nothiug of the "large cat-like animal, colored red."

"Guess he didn't like the salutation father gave him the other night from the old gun," said Will." And we kept it ready to give him another, if he showed himself.

One evening about a week after that, father had sent Peter with the oxen and cart up to Mr. Edwards', about half a mile above us, to get a load of potatoes for planting. Will and I were milking in the yard. All at once we heard a prodigious outcry and racket up the road, and running out, saw Peter heeling it down the road and howling for help. A few rods behind him came the oxen, running at full cap, the heavy old cart wheels bumping over stones and logs, and the potatoes flying out at every jolt.

"That's a pretty sight!" exclaimed father. Then he shouted, "Phelps, are you crazy? Stop those oxen."

Seeing help so near, Peter halted and headed off the cattle.

"What's the matter nowr?" demanded father. "Did you see that Indian again?"

"Yes, sir. He jumped at me, sir. He was right there by the pine tree. I was riding in the cart and he leaped at me over the wheel. I jumped and ran and the oxen ran after me."

"That creature's bound to have you, Peter," said Will. "This is the second time; beware of the third. But where did he go?"

"I didn't stop to watch him," said Peter; "I thought he was chasing me."

We got the gun, and all went up, but the beast had gone.

Just then Mr. Edwards came down. He had heard and seen the hubbub, and came down to find out what was up with us. We told him of Peter's hairbreadth escapes.

"Here, Spring," said Edwards, whistling to his dog, a spotted hound, and calling him under the tree, "see here! What do you find here, sir?"

Spring snuffed about a moment, then ran baying off into the woods.

"Come on," said Edwards: "the creature can't be far off; let's follow the hound."

We started, leaving the oxen to grandfather. We could hear the hound threading his way down the valley below us, and hurried after him through the brush and darkness as fast as we could run. Suddenly there came a sharp yell, followed by a series of whines, either of fear or pain, and in a few moments Spring came back to us and ran crouching behind his master.

Looking into the black shadows before us, we saw a couple of firey spots and heard a snarling growl; but before Edwards could fire the creature bounded aside and, springing up the trunk of a large fir, disappeared among the thick boughs. Fortunately the tree stood a little apart from the others—far enough to prevent the creature from leaping into the neighboring treetops.

"What's to be done?" said father; "shall we send for an axe and cut the tree down?"

"I shouldn't care about being the one to do the cutting," said Edwards. "The old chap might take a notion to come down during the operation."

"That's just my idea," said Peter.

"If it were only daylight," continued Edwards, "we could probably see him, and so shoot him in the tree."

"Let's make it daylight then."

"What do you mean?" said Edwards.

"Get me a long pole, and I'll show you," replied Will, opening his jacknife.

A large white birch stood near, looking like a ghost in the darkness. From this Will stripped off a long cut of bark, and rolling it up into a big torch, fixed it upon the end of the pole which Edwards had cut.

"Now be ready with your gun," said Will, taking a match from his pocket and striking it.

The torch was soon blazing at a great rate. Thrusting it slowly up, it lighted all the surrounding treetops. Seeing the fire, the creature gave an angry growl and sprang up higher.

"There he is!" cried Will. "An ugly-looking customer too. Quick! he's going to spring at me. Let him have it!"

Edward fired. A sharp, savage cry followed the report.

"You've hit him!" shouted Will. "He'll soon be down here."

And sure enough, after holding on a while, the creature fell heavily to the ground. A few well-directed clips from a club finished him. Slinging the body upon a stout pole, we carried it to the house.

It was a pretty good tug, though, for he weighed two hundred and ten pounds. Seen by daylight he was truly an odd-looking subject. Nobody knew what to call him. Several old hunters came in to see him, but none of them had everiseen anything like him before.

Mr. Lamoine, a naturalist from Montreal, paid as a visit, but he was unable to classify the creature. He said the animal resembled somewhat both a panther and a Canada lynx. But the color was unlike either. It was, as Peter had said, red, or a reddish yellow. The head was large and lynx-like, but the ears lacked the tassels of the lynx. The legs were much longer than a panther's, while the claws were neither so sharp. The voice, too, as we had heard it, lacked that peculiar terrific shrilliness which characterizes the panther, while it as little resembled the quavering cry of the lynx.

I once heard that a similar animal had been killed near Moosehead Lake, but was unable to compare their points of resemblance. And, so far as I know, this creature's identity, or place in natural history, has never been made out or assigned.

The Hunchback's Story.

BY THOMAS WINTHROP HALL.

So you are to defend me—you, a mere boy? Well, you will have an easy task, and certainly I should not complain when I have nothing wherewith to pay you. The state provides me with you, does it? Well the state is more thoughtful of a man from the time he is jailed for murder until he is hanged than it is at any other time of his life. He may suffer, he may starve; the state does not heed him until he has committed a crime. Then it does, indeed.

You wish me to tell you in confidence whether I am guilty or not guilty. Ah, I would tell any one! I have told them, but no one will believe me. I am both guilty and innocent. I killed him, yes, curses on his memory! I killed him and I glory in it; but I could no more have laid a hand upon her than I could upon my own mother. Let me tell you my story. Then you will believe me.

So far as my memory serves me I have always been what you see me—a cripple, a hunchback. But I was not always the poorly clad, half starved being that I am now. I remember neither my father nor my mother, but as an orphan boy lived with an aunt upon the income of my estate. And I grew up as other boys do, finding all the happiness I could in the bright and beautiful things of this world, but unlike the other boys, deprived of all sports, exen deprived of their companionship; for in their thoughtless way they despised me, poor weak cripple that I was.

He was one of them, he whom I murdered, as they say. Many a time he taunted me with my weakness, and, baring his arm, struck me to show me, as he said, how strong he was. She was my playfellow, too, and even while she was a little girl I love her. She pitied me, that is all. I knew it could never be more, but every day her pity became more cruel torture, and every day I loved her more devotedly.

We grew up into manhood and womanhood together. He and I went to college at the same time, and while he would laugh at my poor triumphs in study, I could only applaud his magnificent success in the athletic field.

He, too, loved her—or, said he did and God pity her, she loved him to distraction When we returned, at the end of our fourth year, she greeted him with a smile that would have rewarded a conquerer. As for me, she hardly noticed me. I had expected at least a word, and when I realized that her love for him had killed even her friendship for me, I went to my lonely room and wept—a thing that I had learned to do long before.

They were married that fall. She did not even invite me to the wedding. Some one had told her that it would be bad luck to invite a hunchback. And so I with my poor deformed back and my poor broken heart, stood outside the church with the common crowd of the street and saw them come out man and wife.

They were both moderately wealthy, and they went abroad for their honeymoon. They lengthened the visit to a year, and finally settted down in Europe permanently. In the meantime I dragged out a miserable existence here in New York. With my income, small as it was, I could have done much good had I been inclined, but I was too angry with my God, to even think of being charitable to others.

At the end of three years, however, I resolved to go to Europe myself. I said that It was merely to travel for recreation, but it was not that. I was mad with the desire to see her again. I had not the slightest idea where she might be living, but I knew her beauty would make her well known, if not famous, and I expected to be able to find her with ease. I spent months in London, Vienna, Paris and Berlin; I made the tour of the wateriug places; I sought her in appareutly every nook and corner of Europe, and finally found her in the last place I expected to.

I went to Monte Carlo more because I thought I might hear of her from some of the many fools who might think it fashionable to play there. I was walking through the rooms one night after my arrival and was about to leave, mortified at the reception that the superstitious players accorded me, when I felt the light touch of a finger on my back.

I had been expecting this. I knew the common belief that if one touch a hunchback on the back without his knowing it that person will be lucky, and I turned angrily about. Lo, it was she! She gave a little shriek when she recoguized me, but quickly recovered herself and laughed almost in my face.

She had been drinking. She was flushed and excited, and apparently half a glassful of champagne had been spilled on her dress. The odor was noticeable. She returned to the table. I made my way quickly to my hotel.

By a few adroit inquiries I discovered that they, although still living together, were known all over Europe by an assumed name; that they were nearly ruined financially, and moved entirely in the fastest set of society that can still call itself decent. I was horrified at my discovery. I hastened back to New York—and at the end of months was astounded to find that what I had learned had not driven her from my heart I loved her still; yes, more than ever when I thought of the miserable life into which that scoundrel had led her.

It was two years ere I saw either of them again. Then one night, as I was returning home on foot from an up town theater, I saw him, half drunk, entering a gambling house. I followed him. He recognized me, but was too absorbed in play to pay any attention to me. He had become a common gambler. And she? What was she. I resolved to find it out.

I waited in a cab opposite the entrance to the place for him to come out. It was near dawn ere he did so. When he appeared I saw at a glance that he had lost and that he had been drinking heavily. He made his way unsteadily down town, and finally entered a common tenement. I knew if she were with him that she could be found there so I returned to my departments.

That afternoon, toward dusk, I called upon her. Ah, how she had changed! She was no longer even the laughing belle of the questionable society of Monte Carlo. She was pale and weak. Indeed, she was an invalid. Consumption had apparently laid its fatal hand upon her. When she saw me she sighed, but she would not take my outstretched hand.

"You have come to upbraid me," she said.

"No," I replied.

"Then you have come to pity me, just as I used to pity you when we were young. Don't do that—don't do that!"

"I have pitied you," I answered, "ever since that day at Monte Carlo. I cannot help it. But I have come to help you, if you will let me." I glanced involuntarily at the shabby furniture of the room. "I have money!"

"Money!" she broke in! "Money! Do you suppose I would take it? It would be in that man's hands in an hour, and he would lose it in play in an hour more. No; go away, and leave me and my misery. Go away, and do not think of me—above all, do not pity me, or I shall hate you!"

I withdrew, closing the door gently. I made some inquiries of the janitor, and discovered that it was notorious in the house that he beat and abused her terribly. My heart burned with indignation as I left the building.

I walked slowly home, meditating on the terrible change dissipation and disease had made in her appearance. Again I was astonished to find that I loved her more than ever. I could not drive her from my thoughts.

"What," I mused, "would she do if he were dead? Would she marry me? How beautiful it would be! How happy it would make me! But, no; she would never marry a hunchback. Never!"

The next time I called she declined to see me. I was distracted. I roamed the town muttering to myself and acting, I suppose, so strangely that the few people who knew me thought I had gone crazy, Indeed I had. I could not keep away from her. I gave up my apartments and moved into the tenement opposite, where I could command a view of her window. From that room I saw them, week by week, sink lower and lower into the miseries of poverty. Finally an idea occurred to me. I would gamble with him and lose. I could afford it, and he might be generous enough to share his gains with her.

It was an easier task than I had supposed. He was only too glad to find so simple a victim. But it did no good. He simply lost to others what he won from me. I did not stop, however. I did not stop until everything was gone; everything—principal, income, furniture, jewelry, even my misshapen clothes. Finally I was as poor as they were, and for the first time in my life I found myself compelled to work for a living. Work? No, I could not work. I did not know how. I was compelled to beg. Nature had fitted me for such a life. I got along very well. But that does not matter. I am nearing the end of my story as of my life.

My only enjoyment during all this time was to sit in my window during the evenings and look over into theirs. A shabby curtain usually concealed her from my eyes, but sometimes she used to come and sit at the window and look out. Oh, so sorrowfully! On the other hand, he used often to beat her. I could not see them, but I could tell her sobs and screams Then I would tear my hair in impotent rage and curse all things because I was not strong enough to kill him.

Finally, one night I heard her scream again. She was struggling with him, and in their fight they tore the curtain from the window. Great God! his hands were about her throat! He was choking her. She did not scream again. After a time he flung her lifeless body over on to the bed and stood looking at it. I could restrain myself no longer. I was no more a weak, cowardly cripple. I felt the strength of ten men in my arms.

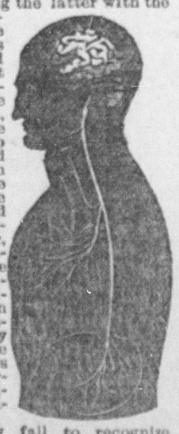
I rushed across the street as fast as my bent legs could carry me, bounded up the stairs and burst into the room. I did not say a word. He was sobered now. He understood what I came for and prepared himself. As for myself, I was speechless with fury. I made one spring and curled my long fingers about his neck. I was determined to kill him just as he had killed her. My weight bore him to the floor, but he struggled like a demon. He pounded me, he kicked me, he beat my head against the bedstead, but I did not give up. Finally his struggles grew faint and I knew that I was victor. That is all that I remember.

They say that when the frightened tenants at last brought a policeman to the scene he found us lying together on the floor. He was dead. I was unconscious, but my fingers were still clinched about his throat. They thought, of course, that I had murdered both of them. The marks on her neck were the same as those I left on him. Do you understand? They accuse me of murdering the woman I adored. Let them execute me, I am willing; but for his murder, I beg you, not for hers.

The Human Electrical Forces!

How They Control the Organs of the Body.

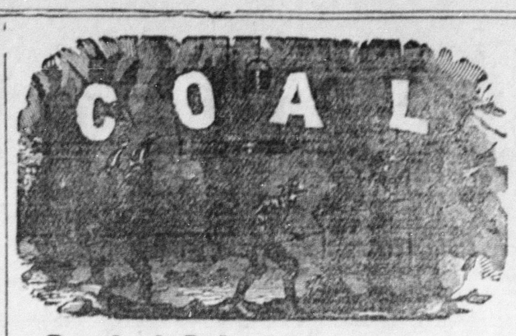
The electrical force of the human body, as the nerve fluid may be termed, is an especially attractive department of science, as it exerts so marked an influence on the health of the organs of the body. Nerve force is produced by the brain and conveyed by means of the nerves to the various organs of the body, thus supplying the latter with the vitality necessary to insure their health. The pneumogastric nerve, as shown here, may be said to be the most important of the entire nerve system, as it supplies the heart, lungs, stomach, bowels, etc., with the nerve force necessary to keep them active and healthy. As will be seen by the cut the long nerve descending from the base of the brain and terminating in the bowels is the pneumogastric, while the numerous little branches supply the heart, lungs and stomach with necessary vitality. When the brain becomes in any way disordered by irritability or exhaustion, the nerve force which it supplies is lessened, and the organs receiving the diminished supply are consequently weakened.



Physicians generally fail to recognize the importance of this fact, but treat the organ itself instead of the cause of the trouble The noted specialist, Franklin Miles, M. D., LL. B., has given the greater part of his life to the study of this subject, and the principal discoveries concerning it are due to his efforts.

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, the unrivaled brain and nerve food, is prepared on the principle that all nervous and many other difficulties originate from disorders of the nerve centers. Its wonderful success in curing these disorders is testified to by thousands in every part of the land.

Restorative Nervine cures sleeplessness, nervous prostration, dizziness, hysteria, sexual debility, St. Vitus dance, epilepsy, etc. It is free from opiates or dangerous drugs. It is sold on a positive guarantee by all druggists, or sent direct by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind., on receipt of price, $1 per bottle, six bottles for $5, express prepaid.



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NEXT TO POSTOFFICE,
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I feel it my duty to say a few words in regard to Ely's Cream Balm, and I do so entirely without solicitation. I have used it more or less half a year, and have found it to be most admirable. I have suffered from catarrh of the worst kind ever since I was a little boy and I never hoped for cure, but Cream Balm seems to do even that. Many of my acquaintances have used it with excellent results.—Oscar Ostrum, 45 Warren Ave., Chicago, Ill.

The best and only Double Extract Sarsaparilla is Manners. It cures. Take no other. 50 cents.

PILING UP MONEY.

From the Buffalo Courier.

Bishop Warren, in a talk at the Genesee Conference Wednesday night, told the following story:

I once asked a man in Colorado to give me some money for church work. He said that he could not; that he wanted the money to buy some more land.

"What for?" I asked.

"To raise more corn."

"What for?

"To fatten more hogs."

"What for?"

"To get more money."

"What for?"

"To buy more land."

"What for?"

"To raise more corn."

"What for?"

"To fatten more"—

But that is the story—land, corn, hogs; land, corn, hogs.

USE DANA'S SARSAPARILLA, ITS "THE KIND THAT CURES."

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I can tell all expectant mothers if they will use a few bottles of Mother's Friend they will go through the ordeal without any pain and suffering. MRS. MAY BRANHAM, Argusville, N. D.

Used Mother's Friend before birth of my eighth child. Will never cease its praise. MRS. J. F. MOORE, Colusa, Cal.

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It will drive the Humor from your system, and make your skin clean and smooth. Those Pimples and Blotches which mar your beauty are caused by impure blood, and can be removed in a short time, if you are wise and use the great blood purifier,

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Why suffer with Boils? Why rave with that terrible Headache? Why lay and toss on that bed of pain, with Rheumatism? What makes you tremble so?—Your nerves are all unstrung, and need a gentle soothing tonic to assist nature to repair the damage which your excesses have caused. Sulphur Bitters is not a cheap Rum or poor Whiskey drink, to be taken by the glass, like other preparations which stimulate only TO DESTROY. If you have failed to receive any benefit from other med. cines or doctors, do not despair. Use SULPHUR BITTERS. They will cure you where all others fail. No person can remain long sick who uses

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The Dose is small—only a teaspoonful. It is the best and cheapest medicine. Try it, and you will be satisfied.

Get it of your Druggist.

DON'T WAIT. GET IT AT ONCE

If you are suffering from Kidney Disease, and wish to live to old age, use SULPHUR BITTERS. They never fail to cure.

Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass., for best medical work published?

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MAKE HENS LAY

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KEEPS YOUR CHICKENS

Strong and Healthy; Prevents all Disease.

Good for Moulting Hens.

It is absolutely pure. Highly concentrated. In quantity costs tenth of a cent a day. No other one-fourth as strong. Strictly a medicine. One large can saved me $40; send six more to prevent Roup," says one customer. If you can't get it send to us. Ask first. Sample for 25 cts. in stamps, five packs $1. Large 2 1-4 lb. can, by mail, $1.20. Six large cans, $5, express prepaid. Sample copy of The Best Poultry Paper sent free. Farm-Poultry one year (price 50c.) and large can $1.50. L. S. JOHNSON & CO., 29 Custom House St., Boston, Mass

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SEE WHAT THE RESULT WAS:

Pond's Extract absolutely cured me of a very severe case of PILES.—H. A. HITCHCOCK, *Detroit, Mich.*

Extra good for any CATARRH *of the nose and throat.*—H. BRAIG.

Only thing I have ever seen that takes away the INFLAMMATION *and stings from* INSECT BITES. —P. H. COOPER, *Fort George, Fla.*

Acts like magic in OPHTHALMIA. *I like it so much for* SORE EYES.—REV. M. JAMESON.

Best liniment I have ever used for rubbing purposes, SORENESS, CUTS, STRAINS, *etc.*—HARRY FREDERICKS.

For BRUISES *and* WOUNDS *nothing equals it.*—T. P. CONNEFF.

Has cured for me, HEADACHE, SORE THROAT, SORE EYES, ABSCESSES, *and* ALL PAIN.—E. MCCALL.

The only remedy that will control HEMORRHAGES *from the lungs.*—GEO. W. WARNER, *Scranton, Pa.*

Excels anything I have ever used for NEURALCIA, *bleeding piles and hemorrhages.*—W. H. FAULKNER, M. D.

I know its value in reducing VARICOSE VEINS.—A. C. SANFORD.

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Piso's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest.

CATARRH

Sold by Druggists or sent by mail. 50c. E. T. Hazeltine, Warren, Pa.

LIST OF JURORS.

Drawn for the November Term of Court.

This term will continue for three weeks owing to the large list of cases ready for trial. The third week will be devoted to special cases, among which will be Cronoble vs. the Buffalo Run railroad. Also Geo. W. Jackson vs. The Central Railroad of Penna. Judge Furst will not preside at the trial of the special cases.

GRAND JURORS.

John Derstine, carpenter,	Bellefonte
D B Malone, farmer,	Boggs
Wash Garbric, farmer,	Benner
C T Fryberger, merchant,	Philipsburg
Aaron Crouse, laborer,	Miles
J C Corl, farmer,	Ferguson
James Immel, farmer,	Gregg
Jerry Gill, shoemaker,	Spring
Mathias Weagley, farmer,	Gregg
John A Hatch, dentist,	Philipsburg
Elijah Kellerman, gent,	Milesburg
C M Musser, mechanic.	Philipsburg
James Long, laborer,	Spring
Thomas Eaton, brickmaker S	Philipsburg
W H Bloom, farmer,	Ferguson
Joseph Hoffman, farmer,	Huston
D H Shivery, farmer,	Benner
Jon. Bullock, carriage maker,	Milesburg
Z S Welsh, farmer,	Curtin
J C Brown, farmer,	Potter
A Y Wagner, miller,	Benner
Andrew Meyer, farmer.	Haines
John Barger, laborer,	Boggs
Samuel T Gray, farmer,	Patton

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

S E Pfoutz, mine boss,	Rush
Patrick Loughrey, farmer,	Union
Solomon Peck, merchant,	Walker
Wm Shunkwiler, blacksmith,	Snow Shoe
C W Korman, farmer,	Benner
Calvin Kline, laborer,	College
J J Tressler, farmer,	College
Jeremiah Lee, farmer,	Walker
A H Tressler, farmer,	Ferguson
Levi Reese, farmer,	Worth
David Burd, farmer,	Penn
R H Houser, contractor,	Spring
Henry Potter, farmer,	Harris
C B Hess, farmer,	Ferguson
S D McEwen, farmer,	Walker
A W Harper, confectioner,	Rush
H W Frantz, teacher,	Potter
George Brown, farmer,	Boggs
Charles English, merchant,	Philipsburg
Abner Noll merchant,	Spring
Jesse Cox, carpenter,	Bellefonte
Wm Bell, mason,	College
J L McLarren, butcher,	Philipsburg
Cornelius Dale, farmer,	College
Byron Teller, pump maker,	Boggs
S B Row, gent,	Philipsburg
Wm Johnson, farmer,	Ferguson
H Twitmeyer, carpenter,	Spring
S Sellers, gent,	Half Moon
Jesse Rearick, farmer,	Union
Wm Resides, farmer,	Union
George Lamb, dealer,	Philipsburg
Wm Beck, farmer,	Walker
D F Luse, mechanic,	Centre Hall
E R Jones, laborer,	Worth
J Warren Brown, farmer,	Haines
W F Stoyer, carpenter,	Ferguson
Lewis Price, foreman	Snow Shoe
Howard Heaton, farmer,	Boggs
Israel Wolf, tailor,	Miles
Robert Hepburn, carpenter,	Bellefonte
Elias Beastline, laborer,	Ferguson
Charles Sharpless, mine supt	Philipsburg
John F Holt, laborer,	Union
P W Burket, tinner,	Half Moon
George Riter, laborer,	Spring
W H Bechdol, farmer,	Liberty
John Grove, farmer,	Benner

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK.

Alonza Grow, laborer,	Rush
G W Nagle, jeweler,	Philipsburg
D W Guise, teacher,	Centre Hall
James Dillen, farmer,	Huston
Jacob D Breon, farmer,	Gregg
H E Noll, agent,	Haines
J L Shope, farmer,	Boggs
E W Kline, teacher,	Howard boro
P H Shires, laborer,	Millheim
Job Williams, farmer.	Worth
Jacob Craft. farmer.	Burnside
S A Bell, bricklayer,	Bellefonte
Charles Kuhn, farmer,	College
David Bartley, carpenter,	Bellefonte
Wm Hess, gent,	Philipsburg
Thomas Heverly, clerk,	Bellefonte
L C Bullock, laborer,	Huston
Austin Gramley, farmer,	Miles
Joel Johnson, laborer,	Bellefonte
John McGonigal, supt	Philipsburg
John Wirth, laborer,	Miles
J H Brown, laborer,	Snow Shoe
Jesse Long, butcher,	Miles
B F Vonada, farmer,	Marion
Haston Arney, farmer,	Haines
John Hoffa, grain merchant,	Penn
Curtis Wagner, miller,	Benner
Frank Rittenhour, blacksmith,	Rush
James Hunter, carpenter,	Philipsburg
Jacob Hoy, farmer,	Benner
Wm Ertle, sawyer,	Penn
Robert Cole, architect,	Bellefonte
Wm Kreamer, painter,	Bellefonte
A R Price, laborer,	Taylor
Wm Alexander, miller,	Gregg
Jacob Wagner, miller,	Ferguson

THIRD WEEK.

James Turner, farmer,	Howard
W H Wike, fireman,	Philipsburg
David Lucas, farmer	Boggs
H J Limbert, farmer,	Miles
Adam Heckman, farmer,	Penn
Jefferson Bechtol, laborer,	Snow Shoe
L C Green, (col.) barber,	Bellefonte
W H Harter, wagon maker,	Liberty
B P Shipley, laborer,	Union
Nathaniel Bowersox, farmer,	Miles
H E Downing, farmer,	Taylor
Wm Markle, teacher,	Walker
Lewis Rossman, farmer,	Gregg
E L Snavely, farmer,	Walker
J C Peters, farmer,	Union
John Tressler, teacher,	Harris
George Kline, Sr., laborer,	College
Harry A Stoner, farmer,	Gregg
Anthony Duesling, gent,	Spring
Jacob Winkleblech, farmer,	Haines
Jas R Hughes, teacher,	Bellefonte
John A Rankin, clerk,	Bellefonte
Samuel Diehl, coach maker,	Bellefonte
A J Johnson, carpenter,	Worth
Howard Foust, laborer,	Gregg
E Confer, farmer,	Boggs
Chas W Slack, farmer,	Potter
John E Royer, farmer,	Miles
J B Childs, supt	Philipsburg
Charles Smoyer, farmer,	Boggs
S H Orrus, painter,	Boggs
B W Royer, farmer,	Miles
David Fye, carpenter,	Potter
Henry J Pletcher, farmer,	Howard twp
W N Auman, laborer,	Millheim
Morgan Lucas, farmer,	Boggs

If you want good government in county affairs vote the entire Republican ticket, from Harter, for Sheriff, to the last man on the list.

We can hardly believe it.—A newspaper, in noting the successful career of a venerable man who has just died, makes the startling statement that "he was born without a shilling in his pocket.

A COMPLETE COLLAPSE

is occasioned in our feelings by derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure sick and bilious headache, bowel complaints, internal fever and costiveness. They remove all waste matter, and restore health to body and mind. A dose, as a laxative, consists of one tiny, sugar-coated Pellet. Cheapest and easiest to take. By druggists, 25 cents a vial.

COFFEE WILL NOT BE DEAR.

The Rapid Advance in Prices Checked for the Present.

There is little likelihood that any person need give up the exhilarating cup of coffee from motives of economy this winter. The rapid advance in prices has ceased, and speedily will resume within a fraction of the normal rate. The fractional advance, which is destined to stay, is owing to a comparatively light crop but beyond that, coffee will not go higher this winter even though the Brazillians see fit to hammer each other until Christmas comes round.

Talking of the situation in the trade yesterday O. Reed, of Charles Tuller & Co., said that cable advices lately to hand show that large shipments have been made from Rio, and more vessels are loading. The supply in the market and afloat aggregates 400,000 bags, an entirely normal quantity. For two weeks cable communication with Rio was shut off, and the alarming advance was owing to the fear of short supply, coupled with light stocks on hand. Prices yesterday were half a cent lower than last Thursday.

THE FIST RISE IN PRICES.

For four weeks previous to the news of the trouble in Rio coffee advanced, owing to the light crop in Brazil, even lighter than the crop of the preceeding year, which was an off time. Rio and Santos coffee is coming here in considerable quantity from Europe, and Arabian coffee is also being shipped under certain restrictions imposed by Surgeon-General Wyman, of the Marine Hospital Service.

High grade Mocha coffee cuts but a small figure in the local market, according to Mr. Reed. Brazilian coffees retail at from 25c. to 30c. per pound, while the Arabian coffee brings from 5 to 10 cents a pound more.

In days gone by the business man used to take his pen in his hand, began Snooper.

And nowadays he takes his typewriter in his arms, added Skidmore.

Ripans Tabules cure dyspepsia.

Why? Why is Strictly Pure White Lead the best paint? Because it will outlast all other paints, give a handsomer finish, better protection to the wood, and the first cost will be less.

If Barytes and other adulterants of white lead are "just as good" as Strictly Pure White Lead, why are all the adulterated white leads always branded Pure, or

"Strictly Pure White Lead?"

This Barytes is a heavy white powder (ground stone), having the appearance of white lead, worthless as a paint, costing only about a cent a pound, and is only used to cheapen the mixture. What shoddy is to cloth, Barytes is to paint. Be careful to use only old and standard brands of white lead.

"Armstrong & McKelvy"
"Beymer-Bauman" "Fahnestock"
"Davis-Chambers"

are strictly pure, "Old Dutch" process brands, established by a lifetime of use.

For colors use National Lead Co.'s Pure White Lead Tinting Colors with Strictly Pure White Lead.

For sale by the most reliable dealers in paints everywhere.

If you are going to paint, it will pay you to send to us for a book containing information that may save you many a dollar; it will only cost you a postal card to do so.

NATIONAL LEAD CO.,
1 Broadway, New York.
Pittsburgh Branch,
National Lead and Oil Co. of Pennsylvania,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

GOLD INVESTMENT.

Safe, Sure and Reliable.

A Gold producing enterprise under the control of men of high standing, widely known in public life and of unquestionable integrity, which guarantees honest, prudent and efficient management.

Data:—Productions during the last two fiscal years, - - $1,323,772
At present available, - - - 1,445,030

Send to undersigned, authorized agent for sale of Treasury Stock, for full particulars.
J. T. BAILEY, 56 Broadway, New York
34 4t

ESTRAY NOTICE.—Came to the premises of the undersigned about one-half miles northwest of State College on August 27th, 1893, a large brown steer; no ear marks but with some white on breast, about four years old. Owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take the animal away, otherwise it will be disposed of according to law.
WILLIAM MCBATH.
No.-28-6-t.

WHEN AT THE WORLD'S FAIR, Chicago, be sure to call at the unique exhibit of

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF BEEF

in the northeast part of the AGRICULTURAL BUILDING, north aisle, in the Uruguay Department, and get a

FREE CUP

of delicious, refreshing

BEEF TEA

made from the world-known LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF BEEF.

LETTER LIST

Following are the letters uncalled for in the post-office, Bellefonte, Pa., October 16, 1893.

Grafton S. Bibby, C. O. Brinkerhoff, Agnes A. Haffley, Hubert Hale, Cal. Hathson, Mrs. Annie King, Harry Lucas, Effie Schenck, Nancy J. Walker.

When called for please say advertised
J. A. FIEDLER. P. M.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Do hens pay? asks a poultry journal. Mrs. Panzie, who had ten dollars' worth of garden flowers destroyed by her neighbors' chickens, says that if the hens don't pay she will sue their owners.

SOVEREIGN.

Humphreys' Specifics cure without drugging, purging or reducing the system, and are in fact and deed the Sovereign Remedies of the world.

This a is wonderful age of invention, said Mrs. Partingdon. I see they are are making wire cloth, and I'll have some this very week to put a seat in Ike's every day trousers.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Two Women Speak

For the benefit of others.

Miss Helen Smith,

43 22d Place, Chicago, Ill., says:—

"I was troubled with irregularity and leucorrhœa. I followed Mrs. Pinkham's advice, took her *Vegetable Compound*, and used her Sanative Wash. I now feel like a new woman, and am perfectly healthy."

Mrs. E. Fox,

Woodstown, N. J., writes:—

"I had been sick 10 years with womb trouble and leucorrhœa. I could do no work. Doctors could not help me. *Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound* did. Now I can do all my work, and stand nearly all day, and not feel tired. I cannot thank you enough. I recommend it to every woman who has any weakness."

All druggists sell it. Address in confidence, LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., LYNN, MASS. *Liver Pills, 25 cents.*

A REVOLUTION IN MUSIC.

WONDERS WILL NEVER CEASE.

$40 Worth of Choice Music and THE REPUBLICAN One Year for $2.50.

The New York Musical Echo is quite a novelty in modern journalism and affords a grand opportunity to amateur pianists and vocalists. It is a large quarto musical publication published monthly, each number containing *thirty-two full size pages sheet music*, the brightest, liveliest and most popular selections of the day, both vocal and instrumental, together with a pretty cover on which is a full-page portrait of some beautiful actress or singer. The music and portrait change each issue.

Here is a specimen of the contents of one of the issues of this wonderful musical publication. Every month a complete change, making at the end of the year the most comprehensive and complete musical library to be obtained anywhere.

The portrait of Marie Tempest and the following music in January issue:

INSTRUMENTAL.

La Guitare.
Storm and Rain Gavotte.
Dance of the Gnomes.
Please, Another Waltz.

VOCAL.

Farewell, Oh, Farewell.
The Song My Mother Sang.
The Wild Rosebud.

A YEAR'S SUBSCRIPTION

Means 384 pages of music and twelve fine portraits. We want our friends to be careful of each number, to bind it and preserve it, as duplicate copies may soon be a thing of the past If you will bind the Echo you will have the finest selection of popular vocal and instrumental music that could be bought for any price. It will be a constant source of pleasure and delight to you.

We take great pleasure in making the announcement that by a special arrangement made with the New York Musical Echo we can send the REPUBLICAN and this popular musical magazine one year for a little more than the price of the Musical Echo. The price of the REPUBLICAN is $1.50 and the Musical Echo $1.50. Both may be had one year for $2.50.

Sample copies of the New York Musical Echo sent on receipt of 15 cents. Address

THE REPUBLICAN,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

PIANO

Tuning and Repairing.

J. J. LEJEAL,

Of Erie, Pa., will be here fore part of October. Orders left at Bush House will receive prompt attention. 24-35-tf

$40.00 Worth of Music for $1.50

The New York Musical Echo, the handsomest musical publication in the world, contains the best selection of music, both vocal and instrumental, ever published. Each month contains 32 pages of music, full sheet music size, and a life size portrait of some beautiful actress on the cover. Keep the Echoes together and you will have a grand portfolio of music.

MONTHLY, 15 cts.; YEARLY, $1.50 postpaid. Subscribe at once so as to get all the pretty pieces we are publishing. Address,

New York Musical Echo Co.,
Broadway Theatre Building, NEW YORK CITY.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the base of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

BOOTS & SHOES

JOHN M. COBLE,
LEMONT, CENTRE COUNTY, PENNA

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Boots and Shoes made to order, at two dollars less a pair than than the same can be purchased in Bellefonte or any other large town.

First class work and material. Nothing cheap but the price. Satisfaction guaranteed in fit and style.

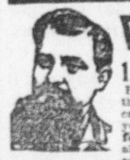
All I ask is one trial, I know that after that I shall have your trade.

CALL ON OR ADDRESS AS ABOVE
V23 N27 tf

DO YOU COUGH DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM THE BEST COUGH CURE

C

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and $1.00.



DR. THEEL
1317 Arch Street,

Philadelphia. (Offices Strictly Private, the only advertising specialist in America (who made his studies for six full years under the world-renowned Professors Zehr and Muller, the greatest allopathic and homeopathic specialists,) as proved by certificate attested by the German Consul and signed by the American Ambassador. The only advertising Physician who is able to guarantee to cure permanently and quicker than all others without any dangerous drugs, (no matter what others print, write, claim or say). All special diseases of Blood Poison, Swellings, Pimples, Ulcers, Inflammations, Bladder, Kidneys, Strictures, Sores, Enlarged Veins, Impotency, Debility, Effects of youthful errors, Nervousness, etc. The most dangerous cases solicited. Methods new and harmless. Relief at once; fresh cases cured in 4 to 10 days. Those suffering for years, and having thereby lost all hope of cure, send five two-cent stamps for book "Truth." This is a valuable medical treatise which every one should read, and see that DR. THEEL has no equal in treating the above diseases. 25 years' practical experience. Hours daily, 9 to 3, 6 to 8; Wednesday and Saturday evenings, 6 to 10; Sundays, 9 to 12 a. m. Write or call and be saved, like thousands have been.

WE WANT YOU

to act as our agent. We furnish an expensive outfit and all you need free. It costs nothing to try the business. We will treat you well, and help you to earn ten times ordinary wages. Both sexes of all ages can live at home and work in spare time, or all the time. Any one any where can earn a great deal of money. Many have made Two Hundred Dollars a Month. No class of people in the world are making so much money without capital as those at work for us. Business pleasant, strictly honorable, and pays better than any other offered to agents. You have a clear field, with no competition. We equip you with everything, and supply printed directions for beginners which, if obeyed faithfully, will bring more money than will any other business. Improve your prospects! Why not? You can do so easily and surely at work for us. Reasonable industry only necessary for absolute success. Pamphlet circular giving every particular is sent free to all. Delay not in sending for it.

GEORGE STINSON & CO.,
Box No. 488, Portland, Me.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.

OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with names of actual clients in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.

OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

RAILROADS

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—TIME Table, Dec. 19, 1892.

STATIONS	Dis	A.M	A.M	P.M
			WESTWARD	
LOCK HAVEN		4 40	9 25	4 15
Flemington—f	1.8	4 43	9 29	4 18
Mill Hall	3.9	4 46	9 31	4 21
Beech Creek	5.3	4 56	9 42	4 35
Eagleville—f	9.9	4 59	9 45	4 45
Howard	14.5	5 07	9 54	4 50
Mt. Eagle—f	17.7	5 14	10 02	4 57
Curtin	19.9	5 18	10 09	5 05
Milesburg	23.5	5 25	10 18	5 15
BELLEFONTE	25.2	5 35	10 28	5 25
Milesburg	25.5	5 45	10 38	5 38
Snow Shoe Int	24.8	5 48	10 43	5 43
Unionville	28.5	5 55	10 51	5
Julian	32.9	6 05	11 00	5
Martha	37.9	6 13	11 09	5
Port Matilda	40.4	6 21	11 17	6
Hannah—f	43.7	6 28	11 26	6
Fowler—f	45.0	6 30	11 29	6
Dix—f	46.3	6 32	11 32	6
Bald Eagle	49.3	6 38	11 38	6
Vail	51.2	6 42	11 43	6
East Tyrone	53.9	6 48	11 48	6
TYRONE	54.3	6 52	11 56	6
STATIONS	Dis	A.M	P. M.	P. M.
			EASTWARD	
TYRONE		8 10	2 10	7 25
East Tyrone	1.3	8 17	3 17	7 2
Vail	3.1	8 20	3 20	7 5
Bald Eagle	5.0	8 25	3 24	7 30
Dix—f	8.0	8 30	3 30	7 45
Fowler—f	9.3	8 32	3 33	7 48
Hannah—f	10.6	8 36	3 37	7 52
Port Matilda	13.9	8 43	3 44	7 59
Martha	17.3	8 51	3 52	8 07
Julian	21.4	8 59	4 01	8 16
Unionville	25.8	9 10	4 10	8 25
Snow Shoe Int	29.5	9 18	4 17	8 32
Milesburg	30.8	9 22	4 20	8 35
BELLEFONTE	33.5	9 32	4 30	8 45
Milesburg	30.8	9 47	4 49	9 00
Curtin	34.4	9 56	4 46	9 07
Mt Eagle—f	36.6	10 02	4 50	9 15
Howard	39.8	10 09	4 57	9 22
Eagleville—f	44.4	10 17	5 15	9 30
Beech Creek	45.9	10 20	5 08	9 33
Mill Hall	51.3	10 31	5 19	9 44
Flemington	52.5	10 34	5 24	9 47
LOCK HAVEN	54.3	10 37	5 25	9 50

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table in effect Dec. 19th, 1892.

Westward Dis. P.M	A.M	Stations	Dis. Eastward A.M	P.M
4 50	10 00	SCOTIA	25.6 9 21	4 40
5 05	10 18	5.3 Fairbrook	20.3 9 09	4 25
5 15	10 28	8.7 Penna. Furnace	16.9 8 56	4 15
5 21	10 34	10.6 Hostler f	15.0 8 50	4 09
5 26	10 46	12.3 Marengo f	13.6 8 43	4 01
5 32	10 52	13.5 Loveville f	12.1 8 37	3 55
5 39	10 58	15.2 Furnace Road f	10.4 8 31	3 49
5 43	11 02	15.8 Dungarvin f	9.8 8 27	3 46
5 53	11 10	18.2 Warriors Mark	7.4 8 19	3 38
6 05	11 20	20.5 Pennington	5.1 8 10	3 30
6 15	11 32	23.5 Stover	2.1 7 58	3 10
6 25	11 40	25.6 TYRONE	7 50	3 18

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE RAILROAD,—Time Table, Dec. 19 1892.

Leaves Snow Shoe at 6.45 a m; arrives at Bellefonte at 8.45 a m.
Leaves Bellefonte at 10.35 a m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 12.16 p m.
Leaves Snow Shoe at 3.00 p m arrives at Bellefonte at 4.50 p m.
Leaves Bellefont at 5.25 p m, arrives at Snow Shoe at 7.00 p m.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE R. R.—BELLEFONTE, NITTANY AND LEMONT R. R. To take effect Dec. 19th, 1892.

Dis.	Westward a.m.	p.m.		Eastward a.m.	a.m.	p.m
.0	5.49	2.00	MONTANDON	5.30	9.10	4 55
1.5	6.15	2.08	Ar. LEWISBURG Lv	5.20	9.00	4 47
1.5	6.15	2.08	Lv. LEWISBURG Ar		9.00	4 47
5.4	6.23	2.17	Biehl f		8.51	4.39
6.8	6.28	2.22	Vicksburg f		8.47	4.35
10.7	6.37	2.31	MIFFLINBURG		8.38	4.27
13.1	6.42	2.36	Barber f		8.33	4 22
15.2	6.47	3.41	Swengle f		8.27	4 17
16.1	7.50	3.43	Millmont		8.25	4.15
18.6	7.58	3.51	GLEN IRON		8.17	4 07
23.5	7.07	3.00	Pardee f		8.08	3.59
28.9	7.18	3.11	Cherry Run f		7.57	3.48
32.2	7.27	3.20	Paddy Mt. Tunnel f		7.48	3.40
33.9	7.31	3.23	Ingleby f		7.45	3.37
36.6	7.38	4.30	Coburn		7.38	3.30
39.6	7.45	4.37	Zerby f		7.30	3.23
43.4	7.55	4.47	Rising Springs		7.21	3.14
46.2	8.02	4.53	Penn's Cave f		7.14	3.07
49.2	8.09	4.01	CENTRE HALL		7.06	3.01
51.6	8.16	4.07	Gregg f		7.00	2.54
54.6	8.23	4.15	Linden Hall		6.52	2 47
56.7	8.27	4.18	OAK HALL		6.47	2 42
58.8	8.32	4.22	LEMONT		6.43	2 37
60.2	8.37	4.27	Dale Summit f		6.38	2 33
62.9	8.47	4.37	Pleasant Gap f		6.28	2 23
65.2	8.56	4.46	Axeman f		6.20	2 20
67.4	8.55	4.45	BELLEFONTE		6.29	2.15

For rates, maps, etc., call on ticket agent or address Thos. E. Watt, P. A. W. D., 110 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa,
S. M. PREVOST, Gen'l Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.—On and after Monday, April 4th, 1892, trains will run as follows, leaving the Pennsylvania Railroad station.

EASTWARD				WESTWARD				
12	10	8	1	2	1	3	7	9 11
pm	pm	pm	am	am Ar	—Lv	am	am	pm pm
6 35		3 50		9 05 Bellefont	6 30		10 30	4 40
6 28		3 44		8 59 Coleville	6 37		10 35	4 45
6 25		3 41		8 56 Morris	6 40		10 38	4 48
6 22		3 38		8 52 Whitmer	6 44		10 43	4 51
6 19		3 35		8 49 Linns	6 47		10 46	4 54
6 17		3 33		8 47 Hunters	6 50		10 48	4 56
6 14		3 31		8 44 Filmore	6 53		10 52	5 00
6 11		3 28		8 40 Sellers	6 57		10 56	5 03
6 09		3 26		8 38 Briarly	7 00		10 58	5 05
6 05	6 00	3 23	8 25	8 36 Waddle	7 05	7 10	11 01	5 10 5 10
6 02	5 50	3 20	8 20	8 30 Mattern J	7 08	7 14	11 03	5 13 5 12
	5 46		8 17	Graysdale		7 19		5 20
	5 43		8 12	Mattern		7 24		5 29
	5 40		8 05	Stormstown		7 29		5 23
	5 35		8 00	Red Bank		7 35		5 39
5 51		3 08		8 18 Krumr'ne	7 21		11 13	5 24
5 48		3 05		8 14 Struble	7 24		11 17	5 27
5 45		3 00		8 10 St. College	7 30		11 20	5 30

Train 2 connects with trains east and west on B. E. V. R. R and S. S. branch, and train 8 connects with train east on B. E. V. R. R.
THOMAS A. SHOEMAKER, Supt.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD (Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Dec. 18th, 1892.

		WESTWARD.	
ERIE MAIL	leaves Philadelphia daily		11 20 p m
"	" Harrisburg	"	3 33 a m
"	" William'port	"	7 10 a m
"	" Jersey Shore	"	7 31 a m
"	" Lock Haven	"	7 55 a m
"	" Renovo	"	8 55 a m
"	arrives Erie	"	3 40 p m
NIAGRA EX.	l'ves Philadelphia week d'ys		8 50 a m
"	" Harrsburg	"	12 10 p m
"	arrives at Wmsport	"	3 00 p m
"	" Lock Haven	"	4 10 p m
"	" Renovo	"	5 15 p m
"	" Kane	"	9 20 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at			5 15 p m
FAST LINE	leaves Philadelphia week days		11 40 a m
"	" Harrisburg	"	3

Bellefonte Republican.

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.50 per annum

BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3m	6m	1y
One inch (12 lines this type)	$ 5	$ 8	$ 12
Two inches	7	10	15
Three inches	10	15	20
Four inches	11	17	25
Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisments at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash EDWARD T. TUTEN.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,

DAVID NEWLIN FELL of Philadelphia.

FOR STATE TREASURER,

S. M. JACKSON, of Armstrong county.

Republican County Ticket.

FOR SHERIFF,

JOHN F. HARTER, of Millheim.

FOR TREASURER,

R. T. COMLEY, of Union Twp.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,

JAS. B. STROHM, of Potter Twp.,

M. F. RIDDLE, of Spring Twp.

FOR REGISTER,

J. E. RICKARD, of Rush Twp.

FOR RECORDER,

J. L. HOLMES, of College Twp.

FOR CORONER,

DR. THOS. TOBIN, of Halfmoon.

FOR AUDITORS,

E. S. DORWORTH, of Bellefonte,

JNO. D. WAGNER, of Gregg Twp.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR,

WM. H. SNYDER, of Liberty.

COUNTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

The following named gentlemen compose the Republican Executive Committee of Centre County for the year 1892.

Wilbur F. Reeder, Chairman, Bellefonte
W. L. Malin, Secretary. "
H. P. Harris, Ass't Secretary "
H. C. Quigley. " "

DISTRICT.	NAME.	ADDRESS.
Bellefonte, N W	W I. Fleming	Bellefonte
" S W	J A Aikens	"
" W W	S. H. Williams	"
Centre Hall boro	B F Brisbin	Centre Hall
Howard "	Robert Cooke Jr.	Howard
Milesburg "	John Confer	Milesburg
Millheim "	J F Harter	Millheim
Philipsburg	1 W S S Crissman	Philipsburg
"	2 Geo Lamb	Philipsburg
"	3 W Capt Harry Simler	"
South Philipsburg boro	M. Stover,	Philipsb'g
Unionville "	Riley Pratt	Fleming
Benner Twp	Jos. H Marshall	Bellefonte
Boggs Twp E P	J M Parker	Roland
Boggs Twp W P	C P Stonerode	Milesburg
Boggs Twp N P	Jacob Yarnell	Milesburg
Burnside Twp	Delon G. Stewart	Mosbannon
College Twp E P	Wm Thompson Jr	Lemont
College Twp W P	Philip D Foster	State Coll.
Curtin "	William Robb	Romola
Ferguson Twp E P	Claudius B Hess	Fairbrook
Ferguson "	J A Sunday	"
Gregg " N P	Isaac Smith	Farmers Mills
Gregg " S P	John D Long	Spring Mills
Gregg " E P.	Jos. K. Bitner.	Penn Hall
Haines " E P	Chas Bressler	Fiedler
Haines " W P	James P Coburn	Aaronsb'g
Half Moon "	Cyrus W Hunter	Stormstown
Harris "	Scott Bricker	Boalsburg
Howard "	N. G. Pletcher	Howard
Huston "	Ira F Davis	Julian
Liberty "	D M Burlew	Blanchard
Marion "	E P Bennison	Walker
Miles "	Ruben Goimen	Wolfs Store
Patton "	George F Stevenson	Buf'lo Run
Penn "	Same Rearick	Coburn
Potter Twp N P	Andrew Gregg	Centre Hall
Potter " S P	Alexander McCoy	Pot'rs Mills
Rush " N P	David Kinkead	Philipsburg
Rush " S P	Alexander Miller	Sandy Ridge
SnowShoe E P	Alfred Lucas	SnowShoe
SnowShoe W P	John A Yeager	Moshannon
Spring Twp N P	John G Dubbs	Bellefonte
Spring " S P	M F Riddle	Pleasant Gap
Spring " W P	W H Poorman	Bellefonte
Taylor "	John Weaver	Port Matilda
Union "	B W Shipley	Fleming
Walker "	O P Wilson	Hublersburg
Worth "	S R. Pringle	Port Matilda

PATTISON'S NIGHT TRIP.

Kittanning Letter in Pittsburg Post

While attending the meeting of the Board of Agriculture here last week Governor Pattison related the circumstances of a midnight trip he made from this place to Dayton a few years ago. He said: "It was the occasion of my official visit to the orphans' school at Dayton. We, myself and another official, left this town in a carriage at 10 o'clock P. M. to make the trip to Dayton, twenty-two miles distant. After we had driven three hours through a heavy rain a terrible storm, accompanied with thunder and lightning overtook us. The darkness was intense and the mud seemed to be two feet in depth. Our driver was a rugged man, and he likely lives yet. We pushed on, but at last we decided to stop for the night at the next farmhouse. Soon the carriage stopped and the driver got out. The next thing we heard was the sound of a man's fist pounding on a door. We could see no house. A shutter was opened upstairs and a man's voice inquired what was the matter. He was asked if we could secure shelter for three men and two horses. The farmer said 'no,' and as if anxious to return to his bed slammed the shutter. But our faithful driver would not give it up, and he continued to pound the door. The window was again opened and our man said, in no uncertain tones: 'See here, old man, we want to stop here: it's too rough to go on; the Governor of Pennsylvania is out here in a carriage.' The farmer poked his head out and said: 'You are lyin'; no Governor is such a d——n fool as to be out a night like this.' Without further words he closed the window and retired. We went on through the blinding storm and reached Dayton in the early morning."

Republican Candidates.

HON. D. NEWLIN FELL,

Candidate for Judge of the Supreme Co

COL. SAMUEL M. JACKSON,

Candidate for State Treasurer of Pennsylvania,

SORROW CAUSED BY THE WRECK.

The Williamsport Sun says: There was a sorrowful party came down the Beech Creek railroad Monday morning from Glen Ritchey and Philipsburg. It consisted of the brothers, sisters, sons, daughters, nephews and nieces of Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Gilmore, of Morris Run, Tioga county, both of whom were killed in the Jackson wreck, on Friday. They numbered twenty-five people, and were enroute to attend the funeral of their deceased relatives. Miss Maria McAlpine, a highly esteemed lady and popular music teacher, of Clearfield, was expected to start home from the World's Fair on the day of the accident, and not having arrived and nothing having been heard from her since, fears are entertained that she, too, was a victim on the ill-fated train.

SAILING TO NORTH CAROLINA.

John Mapes, the man who built a boat near Beech Creek this summer intending to sail in it with his family to North Carolina, waited patiently for a flood to float his craft, anh last Saturday the waters rose sufficiently for-him to make a start. The strange looking craft was floated down the creek to its confluence with the Bald Eagle and then down that stream to the Susquehanna.

The boat is about 20 feet long and 8 feet wide, and has a flat bottom. Wilmington, North Carolina, is his destination, and when the Chesapeake bay is reached the boat will be fitted with sails. At Baltimore a fishing outfit will be purchased, and after reaching his destination Gaptain Mapes will use his queer looking caaft for a fishing smack.

—Vote for every man on the Republican ticket.

IT'S QUITE A STEP from the great, griping, dreadful pills to Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. See what an advance there is:

These little Pellets, scarcely larger than mustard seeds, are the smallest and the easiest to take—tiny, sugar-coated granules that every child is ready for.

They act in the mildest, easiest, most natural way. No violence, no reaction afterward, and their help *lasts*. They permanently *cure* Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, Sick or Bilious Headaches, and all derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels.

They're put up in sealed vials. This keeps them always fresh and reliable, unlike the ordinary pills in wooden and pasteboard boxes.

They're the *cheapest*, for they're *guaranteed* to give satisfaction, or your money is returned. You pay only for the *good* you get.

YOU'RE THROUGH with Catarrh, finally and completely,—or you have $500 in cash. That's what is promised you, no matter how bad your case or of how long standing, by the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.

Sold by all dealers in medicines.

Ministers Tell It.

We have our Pastors' Assurance of These Facts.

THE WORD OF MINISTERS TAKEN AS THE STRONGEST FACTS.

Persons Believe the Pastor Before Anyone Else in The World.

There are no words so strong as those spoken by the true minister of the gospel. One knows and feels instinctively that such words come from the heart and are prompted only by the earnest purpose of doing good to humanity.

We do not wonder, therefore, at the great influence with the public of the strong and ringing words of praise which the eminent divine, Rev. C D R Meacham, gives that most wonderful of medicines, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. When he was run down in health, weak in nerves, prostrated in strength, and with his blood badly impaired, he was restored to sound and vigorous health by this marvellous health renewer.

Here are the exact facts in his own words:

"I am very glad to say in regard to Dr. Greene's great remedy that when my blood was badly impoverished by an old scrofula humor, and my nervous system was greatly impaired, Dr. Greene's medicine gave me wonderful relief.

"At the present time my health is as good as at any time in my life, and my confidence in Dr. Greene's remedy is constantly increasing.

REV. C. D. R. MEACHAM.
Pastor Baptist Church, Townshend, Vt."

Doubtless the same heartfelt sympathy and great desire to see the sick made well inspired the Rev. Dr. J. W. Walker, Presiding Elder of the Methodist Church, Fort Dodge, Ia., to also recommend Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy to the sick and suffering. He, too, has used it himself; he, too, knows that it cures, that it is sure to make the sick well if they use it.

"I have given Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy a fair test, and am free to say that I consider it rightly named. I have recommended its use to several.

REV. J. W. WALLER.
Presiding Elder, Fort Dodge, Ia.

We have published the testimonials of vast numbers of people who were cured by the use of the great discovery, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, but we take more pleasure in giving to the world Rev. Mr. Meacham's own words and those of Rev. Mr. Walker in regard to the wonderful benefits they received from this valuable remedy, because we realize that the earnest words of a minister will have great weight with sufferers from disease, and everybody who reads their convincing words in regard to the sure and remarkable curative powers of this medicine will lose no time in securing a bottle and thus obtain a cure.

Most people need a medicine to invigorate the blood, strengthen the nerves and start up a healthy action of the liver, kidneys and bowels. Be sure and use Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It is purely vegetable and perfectly harmless, and is kept by all druggists at $1.00.

Its discoverer is the well-known Dr. Greene of 32 W. 14th Street, New York, who gives consultation and advice free to the sick, personally or by letter. The sick should use immediately Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, for it is not only the best remedy ever discovered, but those using it have the privilege of consulting Dr. Greene personally or by letter, concerning its effects, their health, etc. This fact alone guarantees the assurance of cure. If you need a medicine do not fail to take this best of all remedies.

INTERESTING TO FARMERS.

The forthcoming annual report of the state board of agriculture, which will be ready for distribution about the beginning of the new year, will contain several new features which will make it especially interesting to farmers and others engaged in agricultural pursuits. Secretary Edge is hard at work preparing the copy for the state printer and has already completed over 200 pages. The answer to a number of pertinent questions discussed at the farmers' institutes during the year will be incorporated in the report.

POISONED BY SCROFULA

Is the sad story of many lives made miserable through no fault of their own. Scrofula is more especially than any other a hereditary disease, and for this simple reason: Arising from impure and insufficient blood, the disease locates itself in the lymphatics, which are composed of white tissues; there is a period of foetal life when the whole body consists of white tissues, and therefore the unborn child is especially susceptible to this dreadful disease. But there is a remedy for scrofula, whether hereditary or acquired. It is Hood's Sarsaparilla, which by its powerful effect hn the blood, expels all trace of the disease and gives to the vital fluid the quality and color of health. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not accept any substitute.

HE MAY COME HERE.

A glib-tongued stranger, with a new swindle, has made his appearance in Clarion county. He asks whether or not the family has lost any children and if the answer be in the affirmative, the age, etc., will be asked. Subsequently he puts in an appearance with a certificate containing the information given and demands $5 for the same. His idea is to frighten women into paying the amount. Throw a pan of hot ashes in his face or let the bulldog play with him.—*Clarion Democrat.*

UNIONVILLE ITEMS.

The green veil of Summer is fast disappearing and the brown and sear leaf is fast falling and flitting around our feet.

The fall crops are being garnered.

Apples were plentiful but small.

Some Ohio men bought two car loads of cider apples to ship to Chicago and paid 10cts per bushel delivered on the car.

Wm. P. Fisher has stored away over 1000 bushels in his fruit house—varieties which will keep for some time.

Owen Underwood, the champion potato raiser of this locality, housed and marketed about 1200 bushels.

It is said our popular black-smith. Daniel Hall, will be popular in politics this fall. Many of his democratic friends will vote for him, although he is a candidate for Sheriff on the Prohibition ticket

Mrs. Rebecca Walker, of Clearfield Co., visited friends here on last Sabbath and has returned home.

Miss Jennie Fisher, Miss Eva Thompson, and Mrs. Alice Barton have just returned from the Chicago show.

J. Clever has just returned from the Allegheny mountain, where he has been surveying and locating lands the past two weeks and reports having killed one rattle snake and saw pheasants in abundance, also heard some animal he did not get to see.

O how drowsy Della felt last Monday, and it was with difficulty that a certain Gent in Bellefonte could manipulate the Typewriter on that day.

J.

GALLITZIN PEOPLE IN WANT.

Word comes from Gallitzin of a very sad state of affairs existing there in consequence of the hard times and the strike which has been on for a long time. Upon his return home Tuesday evening a prominent citizen of the place was informed by his wife that many persons had called for food during the day, and that she had heard of several families who expected to go supperless to bed. The gentleman started out to make an investigation and found the report to be true, and relieved many of the suffering ones. The farmers in the neighborhood heard of the condition of affairs and offered to give, free of charge, the necessaries of life to those in want if they would go after them. Yesterday morning several wagons started to the country for supplies.

Tuesday the operators made a proposition to the striking miners that they would pay the old price for all coal shipped away, demanding, however, a reduction on what should be used in the home ovens. The miners decided not to accept the proposition, and the strike still is on.—Altoona Tribune.

TO AID THE DISTRESSED.

HOUTZDALE, PA., Oct. 17—Great distress is reported among the miners at Eureka No. 8 and No. 9 and Mt Vernon No. 5 where the miners have been idle for some time. The rest of the miners in this region are not working full time, but to assist those who are in actual need meetings of men employed at the different mines have been called by James White, the miners' agent, for the purpose of dividing the work with the idle ones. It is proposed to make room for them in the mines that are working any to let them get an equal share of the work that is going until trade revives.

The coal companies have agreed to take the unemployed into the mines, if the men now at work are satisfied, and have instructed their mines bosses to that effect. If the men at work agree to the plan, as there is scarcely and doubt that they will, it will mean a considerable reduction in their earnings, as they are now getting only enough work to give them barely a living, but the others have none.

HAD A BIG TIME.

The right holy Chapter of Masons had a big time on Wednesday evening, it being the occasion of the annual visit and inspection by the grand officers of the State. Delegations were here from Clearfield, Lock Haven and Williamsport. Among the masons of State prominence present were Edgar A Jennis, grand high priest; Edgar S Bartlett, grand king, Richard M Johnson, grand scribe; Thomas R Patton, grand treasurer; Charles E Meyer, grand secretary.

After the business of the meeting was transacted the right grand high members, about fifty in number, went to the Brockerhoff House where an elaborate banquet was served by Mine Host, Neubauer.

SHE TRAVELLED ALONE.

Renovo *News*: A 10 year old Swedish girl was a passenger on mail west yesterday morning, She was on her way to relafives at Daguscahonda, having come all the way from Sweden unattended. A card attached to ber clothing gave her name, age, starting point and place of destination and she had been watched and attended to by the conductor on the trains from New York to Renovo, so the little one had no trouble.

—Kellar, the magician, will be the next attraction in the opera house, he being billed for the 28th instant. As everybody in Bellefonte knows of his skill no further comment is necessary.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

CHARGED WITH EMBEZZLEMENT.

John H. McNally, Treasurer of Clinton Lodge I. O. O. F. Arrested.

John H. McNalley, a citizen of Woodward township, Clinton county, was arrested last Thursday on a warrant charging him with embezzling the funds of Clinton Lodge, No. 98, I. O. O. F. of Lock Haven. The amount of Mr. McNally's defalcation is alleged to be about $3,000. The information against him was made by the Trustees of Clinton lodge. He was taken before Alderman Anthony, where a hearing was waived and bail entered.

Mr. McNally has been Treasurer of Clinton Lodge for upwards of fifteen years. He is a man who has always borne a good reputation and commanded the respect of all who knew him. He was a veteran of the late war, having been a brevet Lieutenant in Company E. 5th P. R. V. C. His friends hope that he may be able to clear himself of the charges against him in a satisfactory manner. The arrest was made by Constable Martin.

Clinton Lodge, it is stated, is secured by bondsmen to the extent of $1,000.

A BALLOT LAW POINT.

It will be news to most of the election officers to learn that the new ballot law imposes an additional duty on them, that of calling at the commissioners' office on the day before election to receive and receipt for ballots for their respective districts.

A section of the law governing the distribution of the ballots reads as follows:

The commissioners of any county may, if they prefer, instead of sending the packages to the judges of any number of them in the manner aforesaid, notify the judges of the election districts for which the said commissioners are required to provide ballots, to come to the commissioners on the day before the election, at a time specified, and it shall be the duty of each of the said judges to come to the said office at that time and on presentation of his certificate of election as judge, to receive and receipt for one package of ballots, specimen ballots and cards of instructions for use in his election district. He shall keep the said package sealed and shall be responsible for the safe keeping thereof until the ballots are used at the election. In case a judge at the election is prevented by illness from performing the duties aforesaid he shall depute one of the inspectors.

—Let every voter in Centre county vote for the best men for the county officers. If he does this he will vote the straight republican ticket.

—Bellefonte had some big men in it last night and, strange as it may seem, they were all masons.

The only Double Extract Sarsaparilla is Manners. It's the best because it cures. Take no other. 50cts.

Not what we say, but what the people say is [illegible] SARSAPARILLA [illegible] made in Bellefonte.

J. W. BLOUIN.

"Canker in the Stomach unfited me for work!"

WONDERFULLY SURPRISED

BUT CURED!

MR. BLOUIN HAS LONG BEEN KNOWN AS AN HONEST, HARD-WORKING MAN. YOU CAN SEE HIM ANY DAY IN HIS BLACKSMITH SHOP ON FRANKLIN ST., WORKING AT HIS FORGE; AND HE WILL BE ONLY TOO GLAD TO TELL YOU WHAT DANA'S SARSAPARILLA HAS DONE FOR HIM.

LEWISTON, ME.,

Gentlemen:—I have been a continual sufferer for a long time with **Canker in the Stomach, Throat and Mouth** — so much so, that **THE KIND my lips have scabbed and swollen very bad.**

I had a terrible bad feeling in my stomach, bad taste in my mouth, causing a great deal of spitting—at times I was

ENTIRELY UNFITTED FOR LABOR.

I consulted a number of Physicians, and was treated by several as good ones as I could find

BUT RECEIVED NO BENEFIT.

Last March, a boy passed me an advertisement of DANA'S SARSAPARILLA. I read it and decided to try a bottle. The first bottle **greatly relieved me.** I bought another **THAT CURES** bottle and by the time that was taken, I had

GAINED 13 LBS. IN WEIGHT,

and wonderfully surprised to find **myself well.** I know DANA'S SARSAPARILLA **has cured me.**

J. W. BLOUIN.

LEWISTON, ME., May 15, 1891.

The above J. W. Blouin personally appeared and subscribed and swore to the truth of the above statement, before me.

J. W. WALLACE, Notary Public.

Dana Sarsaparilla Co., Bangor, Maine.

Stop Thief!

Any one whose Watch has a

Non-pull-out

bow (ring), will never have occasion to use this time-honored cry. It is the only bow that cannot be twisted off the case, and is found only on Jas. Boss Filled and other watch cases stamped with this trade mark.

A watch case opener, which will save your finger nails, sent free on request.

Keystone Watch Case Co.,
PHILADELPHIA.

James Heber Dorman
of Shy Beaver, Pa.

Cured of Scrofula

The People will have Hood's

Mr. Dorman's Experience

"My boy, now 9 years old, had Scrofula in one eye from the time he was a baby; discharging all the time. Of late we have been giving him Hood's Sarsaparilla, and it has done all that medicine can do. The Scrofula has disappeared, and his eye is healed up and well. I

Hood's Cures

fully believe Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best medicine in the market. I keep a general store, and it is not a trick to sell Hood's Sarsaparilla for the people will have it. I sell more of Hood's Sarsaparilla than all other medicines together and the store would not be complete

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

without it. My wife has also been entirely cured of Scrofula by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and I am heartily thankful for what it has done for us." JOHN DORMAN, Shy Beaver, Pa.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner Pills, assist digestion, cure headache. Try a box. 25c.

ANDREWS COMPLETE METHOD

FOR THE

ORGAN.

An Entirely New Book, Simple, Clear, Concise and Progressive.

Particular attention is called to the many additional features of this work not found in similar publications.

What It Contains.

A complete and lucid description of the rudiments of music.

Musical writing lessons of great value to the beginner in acquiring a proper knowledge of the value of notes and rests, their positions on the staff, etc., etc.

Illustrations showing the correct position of the fingers, hands and arms.

A choice collection of popular music, including Waltzes, Lanciers, Reels, Polkas, Schottisches, Caprices, etc., also Songs, Ballads, Sacred Solos, etc., all arranged especially for this book.

A dictionary of terms and expressions used in music.

Andrews Complete Method for the Parlor Organ

Is printed in the best style from new plates, on fine quality of paper, has been very carefully prepared and we claim it to be the MOST COMPLETE METHOD now on the market and invite a careful examination of its many departments.

Price, by mail in board binding, $2.00.

Address,

T. B. HARMS & CO.,
18 E. 22d St., NEW YORK.

NOTICE IN DIVORCE.

D. P. Shuey and George Woods in re-Petition to satisfy Mortgage in Book "F" page 7 given by Hannah Woods to John Brown Feb. 22 A D 1886.	In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre Co. No. 24 Nov. T. 1893.

And now, Sept. 4, 1893, the within petition read and considered and it appearing to the Court that the legal presumption of payment of said mortgage exists from the lapse of time and no satisfaction appears of record, and that said mortgaged premises are situated in Centre County. The Court direct the Sheriff of Centre County to serve a notice on the holder or holders of said mortgage if they be found in Centre County and if be not found in said County of Centre, then the said Sheriff shall give public notice as aforesaid in one or more newspapers published in said County once a week for four weeks successively prior to the next term of Court requiring said parties to appear and make answer

BY THE COURT.

Certified from record Sept. 4, 1893.

W. F. SMITH,
Prothy.

39 4t

HENCH & DROMGOLD'S

SAW MILL AND ENGINES

A wonderful improvement in **Friction Feeds and Gig-Back.** Back motion of Carriage **three times** as fast as any other in the market. **Friction Clutch Feed,** causing all the feed gearing to stand still while backing; **great saving in power and wear.** Write for circulars and prices; furnished free upon application. Also **Spring Teeth Harrows, Hay Rakes, Cultivators, Corn Planters, Shellers,** etc. *Mention this paper.*

HENCH & DROMGOLD, Manfrs., YORK, PA.

GREAT LOSS OF LIFE

Serious Aspect of the War in Brazil.

Rio Again Bombarded by the Rebel Fleet—Sharp Engagements in Other Sections of the Republic—News Suppressed by Government Officials.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—The Herald's Montevideo special says the Brazilian armored cruiser Sete de Setembro, which was bound for Rio to join Admiral Mello's forces, ran ashore near Praia Grande. All of the crew escaped safely, but as soon as they were landed they were made prisoners by Peixoto's forces which were stationed there.

Further details have been received of the bombardment of Rio by the insurgent fleet. There was greet excitement in the city, as the fire of the ships was directed against the custom house.

There was a contest for the possession of the government workshops of Armacao between the revolutionary forces and those of the government.

When Mello realized that he could not obtain possession of them peaceably he prepared to open fire. The bombardment was very destructive. Many buildings were badly damaged.

Residents of the city fled in terror. Several of the shells from the insurgent fleet struck in the heart of the city, killing many of the inhabitants.

A shell from the Trajapo fell in the centre of the city. The buildings occupied by the Rio News and the American Bible society were wrecked. Many foreigners were killed and wounded.

The government forces numbered two thousand and replied vigorously to the fire from the fleet. The land batteries had a few old Krupp guns mounted, and those were trained on the ships. They were not effective, all of the shots falling short. None of the ships was injured.

The insurgents fleet also bombarded Nictheroy, Domingos, Icarshy and Santa Rosa, suburbs of Rio. The fire on all of them was destructive to property.

It is also known that there was a great loss of life, but the facts are suppressed by the government officials.

The issuance of an order by the president making Rio what is known as a "fortified" city, and the realization that the city was subject to bombardment, caused all business houses to be closed temporarily.

A meeting of bankers and merchants was hastily called to consider the situation. It was decided, in view of the danger to all interests, to keep all business houses closed for two days.

Advices have also been received of a sharp engagement between a detachment of the revolutionary forces and government troops near Ponta da Caja.

The rebels were short of coal for their ships, and sent a detachment to capture a supply which they knew was at this point. The government forces learned of the proposed expedition and prepared to defend the place. The coal was on board six barges belonging to to the Brazilian coal company.

When the rebel forces reached Ponta da Caja men were sent in boats to seize the barges. The government forces guarding the coal waited until they got within range and then opened fire.

The boat crews returned to the ships, which replied to the fire from the land batteries. The contest lasted but a short time when the land batteries were silenced. The naval detachment then captured the coal barges and also a supply of coal which was stored in the sheds along the shore.

Owing to English interests involved, omplaint was made of the attack to British Minister Wyndham in Rio. He detailed Captain Long to make an investigation.

After close inquiry he reported that there had been heavy losses, and that several of the government troops had been killed in the engagement.

Captain Boyton, the American, who was captured by the English warships while attempting to blow up the Aquidaban while sailing under the British flag, is making himself obnoxious. He is now boasting that the government paid him $10,000 for making the attempt.

During the second bombardment 196 shells were thrown from the insurgent fleet at the forts, and double that number were fired in reply. The forts were hit by several shots, but the vessels escaped unscathed.

The government, after the firing had ceased, issued bulletins declaring its ability to maintain and preserve order and peace throughout the city. It was also announced that any person guilty of the crime of damaging private property would be shot.

There was another sharp engagement at Gamboa. This was brought on in an attempt of the rebels to seize a number of barges loaded with flour. The fight lasted but a short time, and the capture was made without loss of life.

An official decree has been published by the Diario Official announcing that a credit of $50,000 has been opened by the ministry for the relief of those wounded in the recent fights.

EX-Captain Gomez, of the Tiradentes, has gone to Rio to join Admiral Mello's forces.

Senator Ruy Barbosa denies that President Peixoto has purchased torpedo boats in England.

The former commander of the Tiradentes, who has deserted to the rebels, has advised Mello to assemble in one squadron all his ships of every kind, so that Peixoto's forces may not take advantage of the isolated position of any of them to recapture them.

Two officers of unknown rank have arrived in Montevideo from Paraguay to confer with Minister Menteiro, who is awaiting the arrival of the Rio Janeiro steamers from Europe, when President Peixoto is expected to mass his boats in the bay of Rio and engage the rebel fleet there.

NEW POSTMASTERS.

Appointments in the Middle and Eastern States.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Among the appointments of fourth-class postmasters are the following:

Maine—E. R. Dow, Newport.

Vermont—M. S. I. Westcott, St. George.

Rhode Island—J. B. Sloan, Centreville; Eben Slocum, Exeter; Thos. Loughran, Natick; W. H. Rose, Slocumville; Chester Franklin, Summit.

New York—Hiram Steele, Arcade; H. B. Jackson, Barre Centre; J. C. Guthrie, Barrington; F. P. Wormley, East Corning; W. H. Whitcomb, Freeman; P. A. Fairbanks, Jay; Abram Taylor, Johnson's Creek; F. R. Wilson, La Salle; W. N. Willer, Medway; D. R. Maxwell, Newfane; Emerson Ford, Oak Hill; F. W. Lamont, Pine Hill; W. A. Riley, Ransomville; C. P. Jones, South Cairo: G. W. Covart, Sparrowbush; J. E. Scoville, Sullivan; J. L. Freeborn, Tivoli; J. H. Jewell, Westville.

Pennsylvania—J. Z. Group, Idaville; W. S. Duchman, Morgantown; Evelyn Giering, Porterfield; F. M. Geist, Prince; W. J. Settle, Seven Stars; A. McIlwaine, Sylvis; Miss K. A. Wolfe, Wilmore; Howard Stoneback, Zionsville.

DID CURTIS BRIBE THE JURY?

Sensational Charges in Regard to His Last Trial.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 17.—The Examiner publishes a four column article in regard to the alleged bribery of four members of the jury in the last trial of M. B. Curtis, and the attempt of the bribers to collect $8,000 from Curtis under threats of violence, with the result that Curtis has appealed to the sheriff of Fresno county for protection, and a deputy has been assigned as his body guard. The story as told by Attorney Wilson, who defended Curtis, implicates "King" McManus, a notorious politician, and Senator William J. Dunn, as the bribers, and T. M. McFarlane and C. S. Coy as two of the four jurymen who were to be bribed. McFarlane is ex-president of the California burial case company. Coy is a clerk in the Security savings bank. Wilson claims that McManus and Dunn claimed $8,000 for bribing McFarlane and Coy, and two other juors, whose names they would not disclose, and claimed that Curtis had authorized them to do it. Curtis denies this allegation. McManus and Dunn strenuously deny all connection with the affair.

PLEA FOR PEACE.

Crispi Regards Men Who Clamor for War as Fools.

ROME, Oct. 17.—A banquet was given in Genoa yesterday to celebrate the anniversary of Garibaldi's military expedition to Sicily.

Ex-Premier Crispi, after eulogizing Garibaldi, declared himself to be a fervent believer in the need of peace. He regarded the men who clamored for war, he said, as dangerous fools. He himself desired to see such a federation of all nations as would establish the peace and tend toward the greater social and material development of all peoples.

WAR IN MOROCCO.

Natives Combine for a War of Extermination Against Spaniards.

MADRID, Oct. 17.—The government has received a long statement from the governor of Melilla. The leaders of the Kabyles, he said, had just concluded a conference at which the representatives of 31 tribes had sworn solemnly to fight as allies in the war of extermination against the Spaniards at Melilla. In view of this information the government ordered that an additional artillery force with 36 guns embark for Melilla.

Wrecked by the Storm.

CARLISLE, Pa., Oct. 17.—During the terrific rain and wind storm that swept through the Cumberland valley Saturday the New Orleans express of the Cumberland Valley railroad, while approaching Morgansville station, near Hagerstown, struck a telegraph pole that had blown across the track, throwing the engine, baggage and express cars from the track. The engineer was the only person injured. The road was blocked for several hours.

Swindling the Unemployed.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—The grand jury handed up an indictment against Edward A. Woblett, under arrest at Newark, N. J., on a charge of swindling. Woblett is alleged to have worked the old-time scheme of advertising for clerks, cashiers, etc., and demanding cash deposit to secure the position, and neglecting to refund the same on the dupe relinquishing his place. Detective Nugent will go to Albany for requisition papers in Woblett's case.

Poor Old Ingham.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—A Sun special says that Ingham university, one of the oldest and most famous female colleges in this country, having been founded by the Ingham sisters at LeRoy in 1835, is advertised at sheriff's sale to satisfy a $40,000 mortgage, which has been foreclosed. Between 8,000 and 10,000 young women have been graduated from Ingham during its existence.

The State Cannot Keep Bars.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—A Sun special from Columbia, S. C., says: On the heels of the decision of Judge Hudson quashing the indictments against persons for selling liquor in violation of the dispensary law, comes a similar action by Judge Garry, the Tillmanite judge at Camden. The reasons given by him are the same as those advanced by Judge Hudson as to the unconstitutionality of the act.

Bradley Succeeds Macomber.

ALBANY, Oct. 17.—Gov. Flower has designated Hon. Geo. B. Bradley, a justice of the supreme court for the Seventh judicial district, to serve on the general term of the fifth department during the unexpired term of Francis A. Macomber, deceased.

Emma Goldman Gets One Year.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—Emma Goldman, the anarchist, who was last week convicted on a charge of taking part in an anarchistic assemblage in Union square, was this morning sentenced by Judge Martine to one year's imprisonment in the penitentiary.

Entertaining Dunraven.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—The New York yacht club will give an informal reception to the earl of Dunraven Tuesday evening.

FIGHT FOR $5,000,000

Romantic Story of John Walker's Life.

Marries an Indian Maiden and Makes a Fortune in Mines—Scheming Brothers Blight His Life and Get His Money—Appeal to the Courts.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 17.—There is being prepared for argument before the supreme court of Arizona a case which is bound to become as famous as any civil suit ever conducted in the United States. Upon the result hinges the disposition of an estate valued at over $5,000,000. The contest is over the wealth of John Walker, who died two years ago in the insane asylum at Napa, Cal., and is brought against his brother and half brother, William and Lucian Walker, of Pasadena and Los Angeles, by the window, Mrs. Eleanor D. R. Walker, of this city, and Juana Walker, a daughter by his former wife, an Arizona Indian woman. Walker came west from Illinois in 1853, joined the Pima Indians and through them became interested in mines that made his great fortune. He married a Pima woman who bore him a daughter, Juana, and died. In 1891 he was married at Tucson to an old sweetheart of his. In August of that year Walker's brothers took possession of him and had him confined in the state asylum at Napa, where, on September 2, he died. While imprisoned at Napa, Walker wrote many pathetic letters to his wife and many appeals to friends. He prayed them to exert themselves to procure his release. In all of these letters he declared himself perfectly sane, and from the tenor of his letters he seemed sound of mind. The brothers gained possession of his property and rushed a suit through the Arizona courts, annulling his second marriage. Out of this case grew an attempt to impeach the judge who tried it. The matter now goes on appeal to the Arizona supreme court, with backing of powerful friends to help the widow and daughter. Juana, the half-Indian girl, is a young woman of culture and refinement.

ONLY THE CAPTAIN SAVED.

Life-Savers Could Not Rescue the Minnehaha's Crew.

MANISTEE, Mich., Oct. 17.—The identity of the four-masted schooner, reported ashore near here in Saturday night's dispatches, has been established. The vessel is the Minnehaha of Cleveland, Captaim William Packer, with a cargo of corn. Of the seven souls on board the schooner, but one, Captain Packer, escaped.

The schooner went ashore Saturday afternoon and it was seen that she must soon be pounded to pieces by the heavy seas.

The Manistee life saving crew was called upon for assistance, the claim being made that the Frankfort crew could not be reached.

A train was immediately made up and the crew and boat taken to Onekama where the boat was hauled ten miles through the woods to Starke. Upon arriving there at midnight the Frankfort crew was found upon the ground, having arrived just before dark, but too late to be of any service. The schooner Minnehaha had been thrown upon the beach at about noon. The sea was running very high and swept the decks clean and the crew was all drowned except the captain, who jumped overboard with a plank and swam ashore.

Last of Dr. Graves.

PUTNAM, Conn., Oct. 17.—The body of Dr. Thatcher Graves, which has been in a receiving tomb since its arrival from Denver, will be buried in the family lot in the cemetery at West Thompson at noon tomorrow. Mrs. Graves will be present, and prayers will be said at the grave by Pastor Thompson of the congregational church. There will be no other services.

Southern Suffering.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 1.—Wildest rumors, in lieu of no positive information, are afloat regarding the destruction in Savannah and points south, and among them the so lately devastated Sea islands. The inhabitants of these regions were already in a homeless and helpless condition and the suffering, it is thought, has been increased.

Dead at the Age of 74.

FLEMINGTON, N. J., Oct. 17.—John W. Priestly, president of the Hunterdon county national bank, is dead, aged 74. Mr. Priestly was a well-known capitalist and the senior member of the pottery firm of Tulper Bros. & Co.

Cholera in England.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—Eleven new cases of the choleraic disorder prevailing at the Greenwich workhouse occurred to-day. Thus far, though upward of 165 cases have been reported there, only eight deaths have resulted.

Troubles in Hayti.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Oct. 17.—Advices from Hayti say that the minister of the interior and the minister of police have been dismissed from office, and that two foreigners have been expelled from the country.

Yale'i Fresh Eloven.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 17.—The schedule of the Yale freshman football eleven for this season includes an unusually large number of games with freshmen elevens of other colleges.

Trial of Emma Wood.

NEWARK, N. J., Oct. 17.—The trial of Emma Wood for the murder of Lew Brown, a well-known sporting man, on the morning of June 2, was commenced to-day.

International Betrothal.

BERLIN, Oct. 17—The Lokal Anzeiger says that the czarewitch was, last evening, formally betrothed to Princess Victoria, second daughter of the prince of Wales.

Hurricane on the Baltic.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 17.—A harricane is prevailing in the Baltic Sea, and it is feared that great damage will be done to shipping.

WRECKS ON THE LAKES.

Death and Destruction By the Recent Storm.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—The severity of the northwest gale that swept the great lakes for over 60 hours has not been exceeded during the season of navigation for the past ten years. The list of wrecks, in proportion to the number of vessels which were out in the gale, is larger perhaps than in the history of the latter day marine.

That there has been a large loss of life now seems certain, but it may be several days before it is known just how many sailors perished.

Following is the list of wrecks thus far reported:

Yacht Enterprise, ashore, Lions Head, Lions Bay.

Steamer C. F. Curtis, ashore, Cheboygan.

Schooner Isabel Reid, ashore, Cheboygan.

Schooner Nelson Holland, ashore, Cheboygan.

Barge Sweepstakes, ashore, Cheboygan.

Barge Knight Templar, ashore, Cheboygan.

Lake tug Acme, foundered, Lake Huron.

Schooner Volunteer, stranded, Port Austin, Ont.

Schooner Falconer, ashore, Lake Ontario.

Unknown schooner, ashore, near Manistee.

Schooner John T. Mott, sunk, Fairport, Ohio.

Schooner Amboy, ashore, Buffalo.

Schooner Mont Blanc, waterlogged, Buffalo.

Steamer Schuylkill, stranked, Bar Point.

Steamer Maritana, stranded, Elliott Point.

Schooner Ironton, ashore, Bay Mills, Lake Superior.

Dispatches from all points along the west shore of Lake Huron and the eastern end of Lake Superior indicate that the storm increased greatly in violence as night came on, and at midnight the storm was at its height, but most of the lake fleet had succeeded in reaching shelter.

BUFFALO, Oct. 16.—Eighteen persons, the entire crew of the propellor Dean Richmond, are given up for lost in Saturday night's storm on Lake Erie.

The corpses of five men have been washed ashore off Van Buren Point, 40 miles from this city, near Dunkirk.

The shore of the lake is strewn with wreckage and merchandise, and the waves are hourly yielding up further evidences of the fate to which the Richmond has gone.

Another boat, the schooner Typo, is thought to have gone down with her crew just off Gravelly bay, on the Canadian side, a few miles from this city. She is owned by the Hargrove company of Detroit.

THE CLOTH IN POLITICS.

Jersey City Ministers Take a Hand in Things Earthly.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Oct. 17.—In nearly all the leading churches of this city politics was the subject of the sermons Sunday evening. Ring rule was loudly denounced and all who desired good government were counseled to go to the polls on election day, Tuesday, Nov. 7, and "vote for the candidates who represented economy and reform."

The general trend of the discourses was that the coming election was to be a non-partisan one, and a struggle for the success of men rather than of any one party.

Whiskey Burned.

LANCASTER, Pa., Oct. 17.—The bonded warehouse in this city of Jacob F. Sheaffer was totally destroyed by fire Sunday night with all its contents, consisting of over 1,800 barrels of whiskey.

Niagara's Treasurer.

ALBANY, Oct. 17.—The governor announces the appointment of August J. Beccue, of Lockport, to be treasurer of Niagara county in the place of John Jacob Arnold, resigned.

Lockport's Wrecked Bank.

BUFFALO, Oct. 17.—Judge Green has appointed William C. Greene, of Lockport, receiver of the wrecked Merchant's bank of that city.

Victims Improving.

JACKSON, Mich., Oct. 17.—The physicians report that all of those injured in Friday's collision on the Michigan Central are doing well.

Yellow Fever.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Thirty-one new cases of yellow fever are reported at Brunswick and three deaths.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Money and Stocks.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—Prime Mercantile paper, 6a8 per cent. Sterling exchange is easier, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.83 1-2 for 60 days and 4.85 1-4 demand. Posted rates 4.74a4.86. Commercial bills 4.31 1-4, 4.82 1-4 60 days and 4.84 1-4 demand. The Clearing house statement is a follows: Exchanges, $73,589,241; balances, $5,238,328. The Subtreasury was $958,148 debtor at the Clearing house.

The Financial safe deposit company reports silver bullion on hand, 185,232 ounces; deposited none; withdrawn none; certificates outstanding, 184; bar silver, 83. Mexican dollars, 682; government steady; state bonds dull; railroad bonds weak.

The stock market was extremely dull after 11 o'clock and prices were a little easier all around. Missouri Pacific fell off to 21, Atchison to 16 3-4, Distillers to 32, Sugar to 89 5-8. Subsequently there was a fractional rally, and at noon the market was steady. Among the specialties Hocking Valley dropped from 22 to 20 1-4.

Produce Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—Wheat—Active, unsettled. Receipts, 187,350 bu. Nov., 66 1-2a66 1-4; Dec., 68a68 13-16; Jan., 69 1-2a70 1-2; Feb., 71 1-8; May, 75a75 13-16.

Corn—Quiet, unchanged. Receipts, 46,600 bu. Nov., 45 7-8a45; Dec., 46 1-8a46 3-8; May, 47 3-4a48.

Oats—Quiet, easier. Receipts, 87,150 bu. Nov., 32 1-2a32 5-8; Dec., 33a33 1-16; May, 35 1-8.

Butter—Quiet, easy. State dairy, 19a27; Western dairy, 17 1-2a22; Elgins, 29 1-2; State creamery, 24a29; Western do., 20a29 1-2; imitation do., 19a24.

Cheese—Firm, quiet. State large white and colored, 9a11 3-8; do. fancy, 11a11 3-8; do. small, 10 1-2a12; part skims, 4a9 1-2; full skims, 2a3 1-2.

Eggs—Quiet, firm. State and Pennsylvania, 22 1-2a23; Western, 21 1-2a23.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, *Pres.*,

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This Institution has placed more young men and women in lucrative positions than any other Commercial School in the country.
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CHAS. J. SMITH, PRIN.

THINGS IN GENERAL.

He: Now, darling, what kind of an engagement ring shall I give you?

She: One that won't fit any other girl's finger.—[Detroit Free Press.

Captain: What is strategy in war? Give me an instance of it.

Sergeant: Well, strategy is when you don't let the enemy discover that you are out of ammunition, but keep right on firing.

She: Are you certain you'll love me when I'm old?

He: Yes, I'm positive. False hair and teeth may even be an improvement, you know.—[Life.

Old Gentleman: How am I to know that you are not marrying my daughter for her money?

Suitor: And how am I to know that you won't fail inside of a year?—[New York Weekly.

Clergyman: Is it true, Miss Ruth, that you said my last Sunday's sermon bored you?

Miss Ruth (with a little gasp): Oh, my, no! Goodness gracious, no! I said that it—er—penetrated my very soul. Isn't it strange how people will misconstrue things. —[Truth.

"Did you pass the hat, deacon?"

"Yes,"

"What's in it?"

"Well, fort'nitly, parson, the linin' is still thar. First time it ever happened. I reckon the boys is gittin' religious at last." —[Freethinker.

It was the late Dr. Wisner of Lockport, for a long time pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, who, when asked why they did not build the steeple of the present church higher, said in reply, "I think that is about as far as we own in that direction. —[Buffalo News.

Miss Joy: Madam, Mr. Foster has come to take me for a drive; may I go, madam?

Madam: You know, Miss Joy, the rules of Vassar do not allow it, unless you are engaged—are you engaged to Mr. Foster?

Miss Joy (doubtfully): N-no, but if you will let me go I shall be by the time we get back.—[Ex.

Miss Laura: Oh, auntie! You remember Mr. Meeker, who went from here as a missionary? I have just heard that those awful cannibals ate him.

Aunt Sophrina—La, me! I do hope they cooked him with turnips. The poor dear man was so fond of turnips.—[Titbits.

UNMARRIED WOMEN.—I speculate much on the existence of unmarried and never-to-be-married women nowadays; and I have already come to the point of considering that there is no more respectable character on this earth than an unmarried woman who makes her own way through life quietly, perseveringly, without support of husband or brother; and who retains in her possession a well-regulated mind, a disposition to enjoy simple pleasures, and fortitude to support inevitable pains, sympathy with the sufferings of others and willingness to relieve want as far as the means extend.—[Charlotte Bronte.

HERE AND THERE.

Mahaffey, Clearfield county, has a circulating library.

Sunbury policemen have been uniformed and now patrol the streets every night.

Lawrence township, Clearfield county, employs twenty-two teachers in her public schools.

At Pine Grove yesterday morning ice a quarter of an inch in thickness formed on the water pools.

Rev. James B. Mead, rector of the P. E. church at Osceola, has received and ahcepted a call to Chambersburg.

W. B. Hile, of Lumber City, Clearfield county, has a raspberry bush that gives him two good crops every season.

A. D. Lydick's store at Mahaffey, was entered by thieves recently and goods to the amount of $200 or $300 taken.

George Getty, of Selinsgrove, aged 67, lately became the father of a son, which brings the number of his children up to twenty-five.

The Venango County Commissioners have offered a reward of $200, for the capture and conviction of the three robbers who so brutally tortured old Mr. Hixon at the Shaw farm ten days ago.

The great value of Hood's Sarsaparilla as a remedy for catarrh is vouched for by thousands of people whom it has cured.

EPWORTHIANS ELECT OFFICERS.

Williamsport, Oct. 18.—At the Epworth League convention, now in session here, the following officers were elected: President, Rev. B. C. Connor, Williamsport; first vice president, Marion Lowe, Limestone Ridge; second vice president, Mrs. B. E. Staples, Jersey Shore; third vice president, Jessie Stewart, Tyrone; fourth vice president, W. H Whitcolm, Harrisburg; recording secretary, Mrs. B. B. Stewanski, Newport; corresponding secretary, Miss Mariam P. Welsh, Hughesville; treasurer, Mr. Tressler, Bloomsburg. Altoona will be the next place of meeting.

Hill s Chloride of Gold Tablets cure the Tobacco or Opium Habit. Ask your druggist for them.

WANTS THE SCHOOLS KEPT OPEN.

Superintendent of Public Instruction Shaeffer has rendered an opinion in which he says that the several boards of school directors and controllers throughout the state are not required to close the public schools in their respective districts on the days designated as election. On the contrary he urges that directors and controllers keep their schools in session on those days for the purpose of preventing too many breaks in the regular school year.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

WASHINGTON.

Hoke Smith's Pension Policy at Last Made Clear.

WASHINGTON,—A recent statement by the Treasury Department giving the receipts and expenditures showed that all expenditures were increasing except those for pensions, which were decreasing. The report of the Commissioner of Pensions, which was made public to-day, throws some additional light on this singular fact and the extraordinary manner in which Secretary Hoke Smith is conducting the Pension Bureau.

When the pension bill was up in the Senate on February 27, Mr. Gorman, a member of the Appropriations Committee, expressed the opinion that Commissioner Raum had conducted his office in much the same manner as did General Black when Commissioner of Pensions under President Cleveland, and he, Mr. Gorman, added, that "he did not believe that the office was any worse conducted under Raum than under Black."

Other Democrats expressed similar testimony of the conduct of the office under the Harrison Administration.

Mr. Gorman then went on to state that the bill appropriated $165,000,000 for pensions for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1894, and added that "it is perfectly safe to say that here will be a large deficiency," which he estimated might amount to $20,000,000. He called attention to the fact that there were nearly half a million original claims pending for settlement, and that if these were adjusted at the usual rate there would be 323,932 names added to the pension roll by the end af the fiscal year, June 30, 1894, as compared with the rolls of June 30, 1892.

In other words, at the rate claims were being adjusted under the Harrison Administration, 183,966 names would be added to the rolls during the year as there were about 22,000 dropped because of death and for other causes.

Mr. Gorman declared that for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1895, an appropriation of at least $190,000,000 would be required, while the late Mr. Mutchler, who had charge of the bill in the House estimated that the amount would be "at least $200,000,000."

DID NOT KNOW HOKE.

Mr. Gorman declared that "with the present condition of the laws on the statute books, we shall be powerless at the next session as we are at this to reduce this item." Mr. Gorman and the late Mr. Mutchler, and all of the other members of Congress who spoke on the question of pension appropriations at the last session, did not dream of what could be accomplished by a Democratic Administration with a man from Georgia at the head of the Interior Department. They will be astonished when they read Pension Commissioner Lochren's report made public to-day. Instead of there being a deficiency of $20,000,000, as Mr. Gorman estimated, there will be no deficiency for pensions whatever. And instead of there being a demand for an appropriation of $200,000,000 for the next fiscal year or an increase with the deficiency of $55,000,000 in the amount required for pensions, there is an actual decrease of $5,000,000.

In other words, with nearly half a million claims pending of original cases, this Democratic Administration has actually succeeded in reducing the amount paid out for pensions by the sum of $5,000,000. Instead of adjusting these claims so rapidly that 183,966 names were added to the rolls in one year the department has added 55,329 names in six months. But it has dropped more than enough to offset the new ones allowed. That is the only explanation of the fact that only $160,000,000 is asked for next year, whereas $165,000,000 was appropriated for this year, and Mr. Gorman and others declared that there would be a deficiency which they placed as high as $20,000,000.

In every other department of the Government the expenditures have increased, but in the payment of pensions to old veterans, with nearly half a million original cases awaiting adjustment, there is actually a reduction of expenditures for the payment of pensions of $5,000,000. That Mr. Gorman and his associates in Congress will be amazed at this showing goes without saying. The Southern Democrats at least will be delighted with it.

MONEY FOR PATRONAGE.

But there is still a more significant fact in the report of Commissioner Lochren. For the current year $1,000,000 was appropriated for fees and expenses of examining surgeons and $210,000 for special examiners. There will be a deficiency, it appears, of $300,000 for special examiners and over a million for fees of examining surgeons. This is where the party patronage comes in. The special examiners get $1400 each and expenses and are sent all over the country to investigate alleged frauds. They are a class of men that the Democrats have always maintained are chiefly engaged in political work. Under Secretary Hoke Smith the number of these men employed has been almost trebled and the deficiency exceeds by $100,000 nearly the whole amount appropriated for the current year.

The examining surgeons are physicians who are paid fees all over the country for examining pension cases. Under the present Administration the old surgeons have been turned out and the boards have been made solidly Democratic. Instead of keeping within the appropriation of $1,000,000 for the payment of the fees of these examining surgeons, Secretary Hoke Smith will have distributed before the end of the fiscal year about $3,000,000 to the Democratic doctors he has selected for this work.

WHAT THE SECRETARY WANTS.

For the next fiscal year he asks for an increase of $1,000,000 in the amount appropriated for surgeons' fees, and an increase of $100,000 for clerk hire, and an increase in all the other expenses of the bureau. In other words, he wants millions more for clerk hire, special examiners, payment of surgeons' fees, and other things that may be called patronage, while for the purpose of paying the old veterans their pensions he asks for $5,000,000 less.

To distribute this smaller sum he wants several million dollars more for expenses. This illustrates the system under which the office is being conducted. The Commissioner goes into a long defense of the outrageous order suspending payment of pensions for sixty days on mere suspicion, and then gives a statement that an examination of the suspended cases heretofore made discloses that "at least 75 per cent. of those suspended will be retained on the rolls." This is an admission that 75 per cent. of the names dropped are of the persons unjustly punished without a hearing, and who, even under the present method of examination, conducted by packed boards from which every physician is excluded who had any army service, are innocent of any wrong and are entitled to be restored.

This infamous order has been recently modified, but, according to the Commissioner's own report, it was nothing less than a scandalous injustice to the old veterans. It serves to explain how expenditures for pensions are reduced while the expenses of making the payment are enormously increased.

THE MYTHOLOGICAL FATES.

"Somewhere upon the unknown shore,
Where the streams of life their waters pour,
There sit three sisters, evermore
Weaving a silken thread."

Lovers of classic paintings are familiar with that famous group, called the "Three Fates." Fate seems cruel when it deprives women and girls of health. But in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription they find a cure of untold value for nervous prostration, sick headache, bearing-down pains, bloating, weak stomach, antiversion, retroversion, and all those excruciating complaints that make their lives miserable. All who use it praise it. It contains no hurtful ingredients, and is *guaranteed* to give satisfaction in every case, or its price ($1.00) will be refunded.

THINK OF IT.

Last year there were 10,029 invalid cases allowed under the general laws. One of these had been pending since 1862—31 years; 60 had been pending 30 years; 427 had been waiting 13 years; 618, 12 years, and so on. The aggregate of the years in which the whole 10,029 had been pending was 55,306! This makes the average time for each case hung up in the Pension Bureau five and one-half years, or nearly half as long again as it took to put down the rebellion.

That aggregate of 55,306 years represents over nine times the age of the world, according to the Mosaic account. All together the claimants have waited for the settlement of their cases 29 times as long a period as has elapsed since the birth of Christ, and 455 times as long as that since the Declaration of independence.

If the papers in each case weighed one pound, and they had been handled on an average four times a year, the mere mechanical labor of lifting them up and laying them down again has aggregated the immense sum of 2,218,655,496 pounds, or 1,109,337½ tons. Supposing that the army of 100,000 men which McClellan led across the Potomac weighed an average of 150 pounds each, there was enough mechanical force expended in merely handling these cases to have lifted up the entire Army of the Patomac, and carried it a long way toward Manassas Junction.

This is the "prompt settlement of the claims of every deserving veteran!"

This is the way "the Nation's justice is meted out to its deserving defenders!"

Let the comrades get out their pencils and figure the thing over for themselves.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY. }

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

{ SEAL }

A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

☞ Sold by Druggists, 75c.

In a recent issue *The Medical Record* heads an article. What will Become of the Young Medical Graduate? The question is not so much what will become of the young medical graduate as what will become of the medical graduate's patients.

Some men try advertising as the Indian tried feathers. He took one feather, laid it on a board, and slept on it all night. In the morning he grunted out, "White man say feathers heap soft; white man heap fool—humph."

EXPERIMENT STATION NOTES.

The following is the report of the Horticulturist of the Station, Mr. George C. Butz, upon the season result with raspberries.

It is an easy matter to secure enough raspberries for home use from a few plants little regard being paid to the selection of variety or location of the bushes in the garden. He who grows for the market, however, will profit by a little attention to the kinds of berries he produces. In color he may have yellow, red, purple and black, and in Pennsylvania he will find that none of them will require winter protection. For yellow, the Caroline and Brinkle Orange are very profitable berries. For red, the Marlboro, Cuthbert and Rancocas. For purple, Shaffer's Colossal, and for black the Souhegan, Mammoth Cluster and Ohio. These are all well tested varieties which can be recommended for productiveness, covering a period from June 20 to August 1, with profitable pickings. New varieties appear each year and demand some attention from berry growers. Among these the following have been tested at this station.

Ada. The plant is strong, with a whitish green thorny stalk and bristly hairs on the fruit stems, the berry is not large although the several drupes are large making the berry rather soft, it is reddish black in color and slightly acid in taste. One season is not enough to determine its productiveness, but the berry itself has little to recommend this variety.

Brackett's 101. A very vigorous plant with thorny stems, foliage slightly attacked by rust. The berry is very large, in fact the largest blackcap in our garden, the several drupes are large with a rather firm substance that is sweet and possessed of a good flavor. Another year is necessary to determine its earliness and productiveness.

Columbian. The plants and berries of this variety resemble Shaffer's Colossal. These two are of a type very different from the other raspberries. Columbian described by its originator, Mr. J. T. Thompson, of Oneida, N. Y. as a seedling of the Guthbert grown near the Gregg and therefore believed to be a cross between the black and red raspberries. It is a prolific bearer and a most vigorous grower; the canes this second year from planting are erect and from 6 to 8 feet high, the berries are very large, purple and in total yield these was nearly twice the weight of berries from the best red or black variety.

Older. The plants are vigorous with light purple thorny stalks. The berries are very large, round, and in color range from purple to black. They are quite soft, slightly acid and in flavor cannot be considered excellent. It ripens late and finishes early. Nothing can be said of its bearing qualities at this writing.

Smith's Prolific. Stout canes are produced by this plant and its fruit is borne in large clusters. The berries are very fine being of medium size, make up of small drupes which are very black and sweet possessing a good flavor. When the plants have made a good stand they should produce a large yield of fruit, which another season might prove to us.

Thompson's Early Prolific. The principal merit claimed for this variety is its earliness which was not marked in its first fruiting season with us. Pickings were made continuously until August 1. The berries are very large, light red in color. Other new varieties on trial have not fruited sufficently to merit notices.

The annual reports and quarterly bulletins of the Station will be sent, free of charge, on application. Correspondence on agricultural subjects is desired. Address.

H. P. ARMSBY, Director,
State College,
Centre Co.,
Pa.

SIGNS OF THE TIMES.

The leaves in the forest are beginning to turn yellow and brown, and to drop off one by one, presaging the approach of Autumn and bringing with it many climate changes. It needs a very strong constitution to withstand the sudden shocks of cold and moisture. Unfortunately there are very few so gifted, the majority of the human race need to have their natures strengthened and stimulated, and there is no better remedial agent than a pure rye whisky. Klein's Silver Age Rye has stood the severest tests and has been found to be absolutely perfect, being recommended and prescribed by the highest medical authorities. It is for sale by S. Shloss, Agent, Williamsport, Pa.

A RECNOSTRUCTED KENTUCKIAN.

There was a private dinner at one of the Washington hotels last winter, says the correspondent of the Cleveland *Leader*. Maj. Clayton Calhoun Clayton, of Kentucky, was present. Late next day the Major came upon his friend, Col. Slaughter Breckinridge Slaughter, of Arkansaw.

"Heard you were out to a banquet last night," said Col. Slaughter.

"Oh, yes," replied the Major. "A little dinner around at Grimeses."

"Did you have a good time?" asked the Colonel.

"Tolerable, tolerable," said the Major.

"Who were there?" inquired the Colonel.

"Only a few of us," said the Major. "There were two gentlemen from Mississippi, two gentlemen from North Carolina, a gentleman from Georgia, a chap from Pennsylvania, a fellow from Boston, a man from Ohio, and a son-of-a-gun from New York who paid the bill."

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MRS. HELEN MORRISON.
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THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO:—GENTLEMEN:—Your Tablets have performed a miracle in my case. I have used morphine, hypodermically, for seven years, and have been cured by the use of two packages of your Tablets, and without any effort on my part. W. L. LOVELAY.

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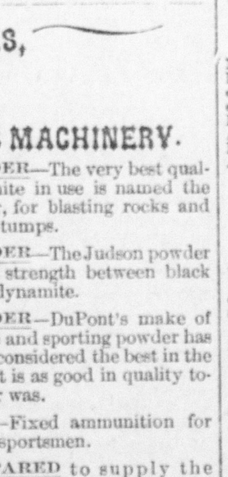

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ESTHER'S LOVE STORY.

BY GRAYCE.

Esther Remington stood before her long mirror, the picture of dejection. Evidently her thoughts were not of the charming reflection centred in its clear depths, and yet the slender, erect figure, in its close fitting satin gown, with filmy lace forming delicate shadows on the round arms and neck, was very pleasant to contemplate. But the proud face, with its daintily pencilled eyebrows and clear gray eyes fringed with heavy lashes, had an air of weariness and sadness. Yet it was only three months since Esther Vane had stood in all the splendor of this very attire, and pronounced the words that made her Arthur Remington's wife.

The door was opened with noisy haste, and a young man entered.

"I forgot everything about this confounded party, Esther," he began in hurried explanation. "I see you are dressed, but you know it never takes me long to get ready." And Mr. Remington commenced the preparations for his toilet.

"We shall be rather late, I think," his wife responded, without turning toward him; but there was a tremulous resentment in the manner with which she clasped the wide band of gold upon her arm.

"'Tis a confounded bore, I know, this party going," said her husband. "I always thought you women liked arriving at 'sensation time,'" he added carelessly; "but then—I can see that you have the bad taste to be 'huffy' again this evening," as Esther maintained silence.

She confronted him with flashing eyes.

"I certainly should not go at this late hour," she said in proud disdain, "except that it might appear a trifle odd to be absent from an entertainment given especially in honor of our marriage."

"At least you can decline all such invitations in the future," her husband coolly retorted. "You know I do not care for parties and balls—indeed, they are almost new in my experience."

"You would rather stay at home with a nasty old book, I suppose."

"I certainly should, Our own fireside is good enough for me."

"But I like society. I have been accustomed to it all my life."

"That is unfortunate, for mother and I entertain very little. It's no use, Esther—you can't make a society man of me. If you want to go to social functions you must provide yourself with another escort." And with a laugh Remington deliberately proceeded to arrange his tie.

Poor Esther! She walked proudly into the next room and threw herself upon the pretty blue lounge, regardless alike of lace, flowers, and daintily dressed hair. But there were no tears—only miserable thoughts that filled her heart almost to bursting, and took away the power to draw long breaths. She had looked forward almost with a child's pleasure to this evening, and now it was spoiled by the words just spoken.

But it would not do to think just now. Her husband was ready, and the ordeal must be got over somehow; and she must personate the happy bride. A wretched evening it proved to her, for Arthur made no attempt to conceal the fact that he was bored, and to please him she proposed an early departure. All the happiness of her life was over already, she thought, as they rolled silently homeward in the carriage. And she had given up the old free home life, and come miles and miles away from the dear home faces, to meet only coldness and neglect.

Oh, how she hated this New England home, where the watchword of life seemed work, with never any amusement except some dismal lecture or literary reunion equally tedious! And her husband—how changed he was since those happy days at Newport, when they first met and loved each other. Already he was accustomed to receive her affection and ministrations as ordinary events, while in her own home it was always she who had received homage and attention.

All this Esther Remington went over in her mind, with a sense of distress working at her heart as she thought of the future that was to be so different from the life she had planned. Where was the lover-husband with the constant, devoted attentions that had begun with their courtship? But she knew the cause of it all. It was that stern woman whom she now called mother. A second Miss Murdstone, Esther considered her, in her girlish inexperience, with her clock-like regularity of household discipline, so different from the "happy-go-day" life of her maiden home. Here it was breakfast at seven, dinner at one, tea at six, and to get three meals well over seemed the chief business of the day.

When her husband's mother prepared to wash the china and polish the silver, Esther offered rather timidly to assist in these duties; Mrs. Remington accepted her services, but did not veil her contempt of the inefficiency with which the task was performed. It was all very different from what Esther had pictured; but she was determined never to complain, for had not her husband told her he was comparatively poor? And had she not declared, with the enthusiasm of a girl who loved the man she was about to marry, that she would be his willing helpmate and that his mother would be my mother?

To do Remington justice it was impossible for him to understand the depressing effect of his new home atmosphere upon his young wife, All his life he had been accustomed to see his mother move in the same routine with the same regularity; and truly she had been a good mother to him, for she herself had prepared him for college and sacrificed many things to his advancement.

It was a shock to her when Arthur, taking his summer holiday at Newport, had written a glowing description of the beautiful girl who had consented to become his wife; and when Esther at length arrived after their brief courtship—for Arthur had been a very ardent wooer—the mother's heart was hardened against this piece of mere girlish prettiness as with some justice she considered her.

The evenings that Esther had expected to be full of brightness proved to be very dull affairs, with the elder Mrs. Remington ceaselessly knitting, and by her very presence putting a constraint upon her most trifling words. She mistook the elder woman's manner for coldness, and failing to understand the really kind nature beneath a stern exterior, was awkward and constrained in her presence. So it ended in Arthur's first yawning a good deal, and then setting down to a book, and to Esther, who loved life and laughter, it seemed very dismal to pass evening after evening with no sound but the turning over of leaves and the clicking needles.

On her side Mrs. Remington secretly condemned her daughter-in-law's "incorrigible idleness." Both were good women, but it was impossible that they could understand each other. And Arthur, carelessly content with his own life, selfishly forgot that it was all new and strange to poor little Esther, who gradually lost her innocent gayety, and became pale and silent, the mere shadow of her former self.

* * * * * * * * * * * *

Esther was ill—so ill that they spoke only in whispers near her, and outside ropes were stretched and sawdust strewn to deaden all sound, Her father had just arrived, summoned by telegraph.

"And you tell me that Esther fell in going down the cellar steps?" he asked in a tone of astonishment. "And pray, madam, what necessity could there be for my daughter to do such a thing?"

"It was her own offer," said Mrs. Remington, quite as haughtily. "Esther was assisting me in my household duties. Why should she not? Her husband, as you ought to know, is a poor man."

Mr. Marston turned away without ceremony, and went quietly into his daughter's room. What a change to him was this pale faced woman with the purple shadows under the dull eyes, and the pinched lips all purple too! Where was the man who was responsible for it all, he asked himself in bitter anger, as he glanced around; and then he saw his son-in-law kneeling at the other side of the bed, with his wife's passive hand in both his own.

"Do you think she will die?" he whispered, when Mr. Marston had beckoned him out of the room, and surely any one could read the haggard misery in his face. But the father answered with a cruel directness,—

"I think that if she dies you have killed her by your neglect and coldness."

Arthur Remington had come to believe this himself. The very morning of the accident he had found a bundle of Esther's dainty love letters, full of allusions to the future sweetness of their lives together; the difference between the dream and the reality had suddenly dawned upon him. There came before him a vision of Esther as he had first seen her in her dress of pale blue, with laughing eyes looking out from under her wide-brimmed hat. How pale and quiet she had grown! He had been cross to her that morning because of some trifle. Accustomed to self-reliant women, her childishness sometimes jarred upon him. He forgot that he had chosen her from all others, and it was his duty to make all things easy for her. Pierced with sudden remorse he started up, resolved to seek her at once; but as he reached the door a dreadful shriek rang out and then his mother's terrified call for help.

Mrs. Remington, busy at her cooking table, had required some jelly to be taken to the cellar. The one small handmaiden not being forthcoming, Esther volunteered to carry it. It was a simple task, and Mrs. Remington willingly confided it to her; but poor Esther was awkward and inexperienced; the high heeled shoes caught on the cellar stairs; her head swam round, she faltered, then fell heavily down the whole steep flight.

Arthur scarcely knew how he reached her or carried her up those dreadful steps again. The hastily summoned physician looked very grave indeed over his new patient. And then in the terrible delirium that followed Remington began to realize all that his young wife had suffered in their brief wedded life. Her constant complaints of his coldness brought the tears to his eyes. It is a torturing experience to waken to a sense of our own deficiencies too late for expiation, and this was his condition. It came upon him like a revelation that he had been a careless and inconsiderate husband: but his easy-going nature had received a shock that developed all his higher qualities. Hereafter he was resolved to lead a life full of consideration for all humanity.

When Esther came slowly back to health and strength again, her father insisted, with rather an imperious manner, that his daughter should accompany him home.

"And you may depend upon it," he added, "that I shall detain her as long as possible from a place where she is expected to do general housework."

Mrs. Remington naturally enough resented this remark.

"You are mistaken, sir," she said in her stiff way. "I am general servant here. I seldom called on Esther to assist me."

Mr. Marston pointed toward his daughter's room.

"How came I to find her there then?" he sternly asked. "Had she not been performing a menial's work—"

"It was very unfortunate that Esther could not do me a slight service without endangering her life," was the cold answer. "But as for menial work—pray remember that my son's wife occupies no higher a position than my son's mother."

"Esther is not accustomed to anything of the kind. She was brought up in luxury," answered Mr. Marston, somewhat discomfited, He began to see that there are two sides to every question.

"In that case you should not have been so ready to give her to a poor man," said Mrs. Remington, unflinchingly. "I have done my best to make your daughter's home comfortable; I could do no more. Unhappily, she has few resources within herself, and attaches too much importance to trifles."

"Hush, mother!" interposed Arthur, who had listened with ill-concealed impatience to all this. "What fault exists lies at my door. I made too little allowance for my poor girl's pleasure loving nature, and denied her the social excitement to which she had been accustomed. In future——"

"We will say nothing about that just now," Mr. Marston spoke decidedly. "My daughter will remain with me until her health is re established; then we can decide what is best for you both."

To this decision Arthur Remington submitted in proud silence when he found that it was Esther's wish to go back to her old home. At parting he clasped her in his arms and implored her passionately to forgive his past thoughtlessness. She answered languidly, with the apathy of a statue——"

"Indeed, Arthur, I have nothing to forgive. I only regret that we have understood each other so little. Two such different people should never have come together.

With an almost despairing sense of loss, Arthur parted from his wife.

"You will write to me often, and send for me when you desire to come home?" he asked her at the last moment.

She assented indifferently, and in another instant he was alone upon the station platform.

The weeks went slowly by and lengthened into months without bringing home again Arthur Remington's wife. Her letters were few, cold and constrained. Her father needed her, she wrote; she was quite well and contented, and would write soon again. This was about the substance of each letter, and involuntarily Arthur adopted the same coloring of constraint. He had resolved to let his wife choose her own time to return to him, but he forgot that it was impossible for her to read between the lines of his letters, or to gather from their contents his longing for her presence. In the meantime his home seemed very empty, and his heart desolate.

Fortune smiled upon him in the year he and his wife were estranged. A bachelor uncle left him all his money. He resigned his position in the bank, established his mother in a home of her own, and resolved to go abroad. When he expressed his intention of settling a part of his fortune on Esther, Mr. Marston haughtily declined the proposition in his daughter's name, so he intimated, and Arthur, now seriously hurt and angry, made up his mind to a life-long estrangement from his wife. If she could live without him, he could live without her, he proudly thought. Strange that she found it so hard to forgive!

But first he would gratify a long repressed yearning to re-visit the place where he had first met his lost love. It was in the sweet early autumn, which brought back so vividly the old happy days, that Arthur reached Newport. As he strolled idly along over the now solitary walk, the sweet, laughing face of Esther came before his memory with a thrill of positive pain, Surely he had been sufficiently punished for his thoughtlessness. Could nothing regain him his sweet wife?

As he thus pondered he turned a sudden curve in the path, and there stood before him a slender figure clad in pale blue, with a wide-brimmed hat; but the gray eyes were not laughing now; they had filled suddenly with tears, and husband and wife stood gazing silently into each other's faces. But only for an instant: the next Esther was in Arthur's arms, held there with a passionate intensity that it seemed would never relax, while kisses rained down upon the sweet, tear-stained face.

"Never shall we part again!" he murmured brokenly. "Esther, promise me that pride nor estrangement nor anything but death shall separate us again in this life."

Esther's face lit up with an April smile as she whispered softly,—

"I promise."

They sealed the vow with a kiss of entire reconciliation; and after all Arthur Remington went abroad, but not alone—his wife accompanied him.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

WHEN HENS COME HIGH.

From the Detroit Press.

The colored man was before a Kentucky judge for the statutory offense of stealing chickens.

"Not guilty," pleaded the prisoner.

"This makes the third time you have been here, doesn't it?" said his honor.

Yes, boss."

"Well what are you here for again?"

"Jis' fer de same t'ing, boss."

"I believe I let you off the last time, didn't I?"

"Yes, boss. Thank you."

"Well, this time I'll fine you $10 and costs.

The prisoner gasped.

"Fo' de Lawd, boss," he exclaimed, "isn't dat a heap to pay for one lean ole hen?"

FOUNTAIN HEAD OF STRENGTH.

When we recollect that the stomach is the grand laboratory in which food is transformed into the secretions which furnish vigor to the system after entering and enriching the blood; that it is, in short, the fountain head of strength, it is essential to keep this important supplying machine in order, and to restore it to activity when it becomes inactive. This Hostettor's Stomach Bitters does most effectually, seasonably regulating and reinforcing digestion, promoting due action of the liver and bowels. Strength and quietude of the nerves depend in great measure upon thorough digestion. There is no nervine tonic more highly esteemed by the medical fraternity than the Bitters. Physicians also strongly commend it for chills and fever, rheumatism, kidney and bladder trouble, sick headache, and want of appetite and sleep. Take a wineglassful three times a day.

A colored porter at a Washington hotel had charge of the hats of the guests who went into dine. His accuracy and promptness in giving every man his own "tile" as he came out of the dining room excited one man's curiosity.

How did you know so well that this was my hat? he asked.

A smile lighted up the waiter's ebony face as he bowed politely.

Boss, 'he said I don't know it was yours but it's de one you gave me.

DAME NATURE IS A GOOD HOUSE-KEEPER.

She don't let us stay long in her debt before we settle for what we owe her. She gives us a few years' grace at the most, but the reckoning surely comes. Have you neglected a cough or allowed your blood to grow impure without heeding the warnings? Be wise in time, and get the world famed Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which cures as well as promises. As a blood-renovator, a lung-healer, and a cure for scrofulous taints, it towers above all others, as Olympis overtops a molehill. To warrant a commodity is to be honorable and above deception, and a guarantee is a symbol of honest dealing. You get it with every bottle of the "Discovery." By druggists,

Principal—My dear Muller, you had the courage to save my daughter from drowning. You deserve to be rewarded. I give you my daughter in marriage.

Muller (bookkeeper)—It is really very kind of you; but I am not quite so courageous as you seem to think.

The Greatest Discovery of the Age

Catarrhal Deafness Cured. No More Use For Ear-Trumpets.

Triumph at Last.

An infallible remedy for the cure of catarrh and deafness in all its stages, by one who has been a great sufferer from catarrh and almost total deafness.

No catarrh or slimy green and yellow sticky matter discharging from the nose. No deafness. No ringing crackling sounds in the head. No mucous matter lodging in the throat. No occasional hacking cough with throwing up slimy green and yellow sticky matter. It is a blessing that words cannot describe.

For further information write for circulars. Address, Frank Wortz & Co., Wausau, Wis. Drawer 1029. 38 4t

Sportsman—Hello! Had any luck shooting?

Amateur—I should say so. Shot seventeen ducks in one day.

Where they wild?

Well—n—o—not exactly; but the farmer who owned them was.

USE DANA'S SARSAPARILLA, ITS "THE KIND THAT CURES."

Ripans Tabules are always ready.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

S.S.S.

PURELY a vegetable compound, made entirely of roots and herbs gathered from the forests of Georgia, and has been used by millions of people with the best results. It

CURES

All manner of Blood diseases, from the pestiferous little boil on your nose to the worst cases of inherited blood taint, such as Scrofula, Rheumatism, Catarrh and

SKIN & CANCER

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

You and Your Children

It is a wonderful remedy, which is alike beneficial to you and your children. Such is *Scott's Emulsion* of Pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda. It checks wasting in the children and produces sound, healthy flesh. It keeps them from taking cold and it will do the same for you

Scott's Emulsion cures Coughs, **Colds, Consumption**, Scrofula and **all Anaemic and Wasting Diseases. Prevents wasting in children. Almost as palatable as milk. Get only the genuine.** Prepared by Scott & Bowne, Chemists, New York. Sold by all Druggists.

Scott's Emulsion

"DIRT DEFIES THE KING." THEN

SAPOLIO

IS GREATER THAN ROYALTY ITSELF.

If you want to get cured take Manners Double Extract Sarsaparilla. It's the best. Try it. 50 cents.

USE DANA'S SARSAPARILLA, ITS "THE KIND THAT CURES."

It Never fails to Cure—MANNERS DOUBLE EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

USE DANA'S SARSAPARILLA, ITS "THE KIND THAT CURES."

The only Double Extract Sarsaparilla is Manners. It's the best because it cures. Take no other. 50cts.

I KEEP COOL

inside, outside, and all the way through, by drinking

HIRES' Root Beer

This great Temperance drink; is as healthful as it is pleasant. Try it.

ANTI-STIFF

IS A MARVELLOUS PREPARATION FOR RHEUMATISM, LUMBAGO, STIFF NECK, SORE THROAT, BRUISES, AND SPRAINS.

Rub well into the affected part, and you will soon be convinced of its efficacy.

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS.

WHOLESALE, E. FOUGERA & CO., NEW YORK.

Small box, 20 cents; Medium, 35 cents; Large, $1.00.

24-38-21mos

DEAFNESS & HEAD NOISES CURED by Peck's INVISIBLE TUBULAR EAR CUSHIONS. Whispers heard. Comfortable. Successful where all remedies fail. Ills. book and proofs free. Address F. HISCOX, 653 Bdw., N. Y. 14-41

Road Grading Machinery

The Champion Road Grader has fulfilled all the claims made for its superior capacity. The Supervisors of Union Township purchased one during the spring of 1892, with which they have made the most improved public roads in Centre county. Prior to this year the Supervisors were required to assess six mills road taxes—this year, 1893, they assessed four mills, next year, 1894, they propose to assess three mills road taxes and improve their roads more than they did with six mills road taxes before they purchased their Champion Road Grader from Messrs. McCalmont & Co. Formerly the tax payers had to do the work with shovels and picks, now the horses do the most of the work.

Champion Rock Crusher.

The Champion Rock Crusher has no equal or competitor, when we compare the quantity of stone crushed in one day, seventy to eighty tons, with the power required to operate it—for the proof of which, we refer those interested or who may want to buy a stone crusher to improve their public roads, to the supervisors and tax payers of Walker twp. Centre Co., Pa., as well as to S. D. Tice, a contractor of Howard, and Wallace White, a contractor of Spring township, Centre Co., Pa., who crushes stone for for macadamizing streets and turnpikes.

Champion Road Roller

After your roads and streets are macadamized, the Champion Road Roller, operated by horses, can be used to great advantage in rolling down the loose stone to make the road smooth. Those in want of Road Machinery will promote their own interest by inspecting the above machinery before purchasing.

Further information, as to prices and merit, will be furnished on application.

McCALMONT & CO.

WM SHORTLIDGE, } Business
ROBT. MCCALMONT, } Managers. 24-23-6m

WHITES - - - -

Canada Thistle - - Exterminator.

FACTORY AT BELLEFONTE, PA., IN WHAT IS KNOWN AS THE BELLEFONTE CAR WORKS.

This is a discovery that is destined to prove a blessing to every farmer and land owner.

Whites Canada Thistle Exterminator is a preparation discovered and put on the market by Samuel White, of Bellefonte, Pa. A tablespoonful of this preparation placed on a thistle will kill every stalk so treated in five days from the top of the ground to the extreme length of the root. This has been proven by actual experiment. If applied according to directions furnished with every lot sold it is guaranteed to do the work. A number of Centre county land owners have given the Exterminator a thorough trial, among whom are Brockerhoff Bros. and W. Fred Reynolds. Mr. Reynolds has instructed his farmers to get as much as is needed to exterminate this pest from all of his farms.

PRICE PER BUSHEL, $2.50, OR $5 FOR BAG OF TWO BUSHELS.

Factory at Bellefonte Car Works. Orders addressed to Samuel White, Bellefonte, will receive prompt attention. Terms CASH on receipt of goods. Isaac Haupt authorized agent.

SAMUEL WHITE.

24-23-3m

PLUMBING, GAS AND STEAM FITTING

R. J. SCHADD & BRO.

Shop at Steam Works, corner of Lamb and Spring streets, Bellef Pa.

We are prepared at all times to furnish all kinds of supplies—hydrants, sinks, bath tubs, water closets, pipe—both lead and cast and wrought iron, either plain or galvanized—brass and other fittings, and everything in the plumbing line.

WORK DONE ON SHORT NOTICE.

LOWEST PRICES AND ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

Telephone connection.

ap15-1y

Clothes REPAIRED, CLEANSED AND PRESSED.—I have concluded to take up my old trade and am now prepared to do Repairing, Cleaning and Pressing of Clothes at my residence, No. 231 East Lamb street. I solicit a share of patronage and guarantee perfect satisfaction. Work gathered and delivered promptly and charges as low as can possibly be made. A postal card dropped in the mail will receive attention a once.

23 48 tf WILLIAM MCCLELLAN.

CLOTHES REPAIRED AND CLEANED.

I have opened a shop at corner of Allegheny and Howard streets, in old law office next door to residence of John P. Linn, where I am prepared to do repairing and cleaning of clothes. Orders by mail promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed. Give me a trial.

CHARLES MCCLELLAN.

10-tf,

TO HAVE HEALTH THE LIVER MUST BE IN ORDER.

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

Cures thousands annually of Liver Complaints, Biliousness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Malaria. More Ills result from an Unhealthy Liver than any other cause. Why suffer when you can be cured? Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator is a celebrated family medicine.

YOUR DRUGGIST WILL SUPPLY YOU.

"3000 PARCELS OF MAIL" FREE

FOR 10 1-CENT STAMPS (regular price 25c) your address if received within 10 days will be for 1 year neatly printed 3 on gummed labels. Only house guaranteeing 125,000 customers; from publishers and manufacturers you'll receive, probably, thousands of valuable books, papers, samples, magazines, etc.

All free and each parcel with one of your printed address labels pasted thereon. EXTRA! We will also print and prepay postage on 25 of your labels, no address to you; within stick on your envelopes, books, etc., to prevent their being lost. J. A. WARE, of Reidsville, N. C., writes: "From my 25 cent address in your Lightning Directory I've received over 500 address labels and over 3000 Parcels of Mail. My addresses you scattered among publishers and manufacturers, are arriving daily, on valuable parcels of mail from all parts of the World."

WORLD'S FAIR DIRECTORY CO., No. 115 Girard & Frankford Avenues Philadelphia Pa

24-27-6m

Bellefonte Republican,

To Correspondents.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Corespondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Local Department.

—What big, white frosts we are having these morning.

—The Valentine rolling mill has again closed down indefinitely. Too bad!

—W. J. Keller, of Sandy Ridge, died from a stroke of paralysis last Friday morning.

—Forty-four horses have been stolen in Clearfield county within the last two months.

—Remember the lecture of Michael Fanning in the court house on the evening of the 28th.

—Editor James A. Fiedler, returned from his trip to the World's Fair on Monday evening.

—Messrs. Lee Woodcock and James R. Hughes departed for the World's Fair last Saturday.

—Snow fell in portions of Clinton county Monday morning. Winter is certainly coming on apace.

—Senator P. Gray and Mrs. Meek departed Tuesday morning for Chicago to view the wonders of the World's Fair.

—Mrs. E. W. Hale, Mrs. Wilkinson and Mr. and Mrs. G. Murray Andrews, have returned from their summer's tour of Europe.

—A mysterious document has been filed at the State Department in Harrisburg which is not to be opened until July 4th, 2000. A long time to wait to find out the contents of a letter.

—Mr. J. M. Hill, the genial sewing machine agent in this place, was united in marriage with Miss Mary E. Gates, last Saturday evening, the ceremony taking place in Milesburg.

—Rev. A. J. Bean, well known in this county, and who for the past five years has been pastor of the Sinking Valley Lutheran church, has received a call from the Brushton church, Pittsburg

—Harry Bush departed last Monday morning for South America, where he goes to make his everlasting fortune. We shall expect, at some future day, to see him return to Bellefonte several times a millionaire.

—The present fee for ordinary membership in the Bellefonte Y. M. C. A. has been fixed at $1.00; including educational classes, $2.00; including the gymnasium $4.00; shower baths will soon be placed in the gymnasium.

—What a great improvement it would be if all the streets surrounding the court house as well as the entire diamond were paved as now is the street leading up to Garman's hotel. Why not spend a little money in thus improving that part of the town.

—President Judge A. O. Furst, has rendered his decision on the "reserved points of law," in the argument on the Armor Will case, in which he sets aside the verdict as recently rendered. Another trial will now be on the tapis to settle this vexing question.

—It now looks as if Mr. A. J. Dress, of Philipsburg, who was arrested last week on the charge of defrauding the Spang heirs, is more sinned against than sinning. Latest reports are in effect that Mr. Dress contemplates a suit for damages for false imprisonment.

—The house of John Oswalt, of Central City, near Milesburg, was destroyed by fire last Tuesday morning. A defective flue was the cause. Most of the household goods were saved. The lost is quite heavy. Mr. Oswalt had $700 insurance on his house and $500 on his furniture.

—The *Wage Earner's Journal*, Philipsburg, has passed into new hands and last week came out as the *Bituminous Record* so much improved and enlarged that its own father would not know it. It now looks like a newspaper. We wish the new proprietors success in their undertaking.

—For robbing Thomas McCausland's jewelry store, in Philipsburg, of considerable jewelry, John Freeman, a miner, was arrested last Thursday and in default of $1,000 bail at a hearing before Squire Laporte on Friday, was brought to Bellefonte by Officer Simler and lodged in jail.

—Reports are current that the Central Railroad of Pennsylvania will soon be extended to the Broad Top coal regions its course being from Bellefonte to Lemont, thence up Pennsvalley and through the Spruce Creek valley. It is to be hoped there may be some foundation for this rumor.

—Yesterday afternoon, at 3.30 o'clock, John B. Smith and Miss Ellen I. Morgan were united in marriage in the Episcopal church at Lock Haven. Miss Morgan is well known in Bellefonte, having at one time clerked in the store of E. L. Erhard, and her friends here all wish her a happy prosperous life.

—During James R. Hughes' visit to the World's Fair Misses Marv Linn and Bessie Meek will have charge of his classes in Latin and Greek, and Miss Augusta Crider will instruct the class in French. All these young ladies are accomplished and fully able to instruct in these several branches of ancient Languages.

THE BOROUGH FATHERS.

Legislate in the Interest of Man and Boy

Council met in regular session on Monday evening with eight members present. President Potter being at Chicago Mr. C. T. Gerberick was chosen president pro tem. W. T. Meyer was present and made complaint of a nuisance in the shape of a chicken coop existing in the rear of Emil Joseph's residence. The matter was referred to Chief Burgess Meyer for his action.

At the meeting prior to this one the council asked E. Kitson, Superintendent of the Edison Illuminating Company to make an estimate as to what fifteen additional arc lights would cost. Mr. Kitson was present at this meeting and gave the following estimate: The company offered to furnish thirty-five arc lights, for $102 a piece for a year under a contract for five years. They also offered to furnish the incandescent lights for $21 a year. These lights are to burn all night, except on extremely moonlight nights. If any additional arc lights are needed the company offered to furnish them for one hundred dollars. This, the company claims is less than in any other town, considering the small number of lamps and the price paid for coal to run the dynamos. The thirty-five lights include the twenty arc lights now in use. If the additional arc lights were contracted for it would do away with every incandescent light, thus making the extra expense very small. This is a good idea, for it seems like throwing money away to have the incandescent lights on the streets. It is very likely the proposition will be accepted, and in a few evenings the council will go over the borough and locate the new lamps.

The street committee reported repairs made on Penn street. Also that two new crossings were put down on High street, and one across alley near Catholic church.

Mr. Miller reported pavements on South side of Curtin street in bad condition, and the street Commissioner was instructed to make necessary repairs. The finance committee reported progress, which means, we presume, still wanting money.

There is an ordinance on the statute book of the borough which prohibits boys under the age of fourteen years to be on the streets after 8 o'clock at night. Within the past six months a great many complaints have been made to the members of council about young bits of boys blocking up the corners and using profane and vulgar language. This is being carried on to the extent that ladies can't walk the streets without hearing profanity and vulgarity. The council have taken a decided stand in favor of the right, and they have instructed the policemen to put in the lock-up any boy under fourteen years of age who is found on the streets of Bellefonte after 8 o'clock unless accompanied by their parents: This idea may be ridiculed by a certain class of people but the council means business, and the members are going to see that the ordinance is enforced. It is a good idea, and every mother and father in Bellefonte ought to become coworkers in helping this good cause along. The lock up will be cleaned so that the boys will have a nice place to remain over night. The law against profanity, by the older class of young men will also be enforced. Don't laugh boys for you may laugh to your sorrow.

The following bills were approved:

police Pay Roll	$35.00
Jenkins & Lingle, work on fire alarm	10.85
P. B. Crider & Son, building for Undine's	50.00
Street Pay Roll	42.00
Thomas Shaughensy, market clerk	1.50
Harvey Stine, hauling	1.40
Water Pay Roll	38.75
E. K. Rhoads, use of wagon	5.8
P. B. Crider & Son, lumber for streets	59.08
M. Cunningham, street crossing	30.00
P. B. Crider & Son, shavings	1.20
Tobias Mallory, sand	.50
Total	266.48

The bill of C. C. Bell, about $34, for laying crossing from Crider's building t othe Benner residence, was considered too high and failed to pass. Adjourned.

GEISSINGER--TRIPPLE.

Last Wednesday evening Dr. J. D. Geissinger, of Milwaukee, arrived in Bellefonte quite suddenly and unexpected by all but a few who knew that the heart and hand of a lovely maiden was the loadstar of attraction. Everything was made plain, however, on Thursday when the doctor made a mysterious trip to the Register's office; and then in the afternoon, in the cozy and pleasant parlors of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Tripple, on Spring street, he was united in marriage to Miss Mame, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Tripple. Dr. William Laurie performed the ceremony in the presence of a small circle of friends. The happy couple, after partaking of a bountiful repast, departed on the evening train for Milwaukee, the present home of the groom. Several years ago Dr. Geissinger was one of the prominent dentists of this place. He went from here to Huntingdon and from there to his present place of abode, where he has succeeded in building up a lucrative practice. We wish them all success in life possible to attain.

STORM AND FIRE.

Did it rain and blow last Friday night? Well, we should say so. The rain descended in torrents and the wind was a multitude of young hurricanes all turned loose at the same time. In Bellefonte and Centre county comparatively little damage was done, but the property destroyed in other parts of the state would foot up many thousand dollars.

On Saturday morning, while the wind was still blowing great guns, the fire alarm sounded the signal for the West ward, and in less time than it takes to write it several thousand people were running in that direction. Fortunately it proved to be nothing more than the burning out of a flew in Eunie Miller's house, on Williow Bank street. Everybody breathed a sigh of relief when this discovery was made, as a fire started at that time, with such a gale blowing, might have proved most disastrous.

THE DISPUTE ABOUT WINE.

Rev. J. R. Sutherland's Views on the Fermented and Unfermented.

The report that the Presbyterians of Bellefonte were divided on the question of using fermented or unfermented wine for sacramental purposes was called to the attention of the Rev. J. R. Sutherland, of the Second Presbyterian Church, yesterday, and his views thereon requested. Dr. Sutherland said he thought the question was immaterial; and that the general practice among Presbyterian churches in this city has been to use fermented wine. He thought that the latter was the kind used in Scriptural times, because Paul rebuked the Corinthians for making a banquet of the communion feast, and getting intoxicated, which could not have been the case had the wine been unfermented, As to the objection made by some people that the smell of the wine inspired an uncontrollable desire for drink, he did not think such people's Christianity was strongly enough rooted to qualify them for the communion, if it did not enable them to resist such a temptation. He recalled a story of Rev. Dr. Spraull, who was pastor of the church at Washington, D. C. of which Dr. Sutherland now has charge, and was subsequently chaplain at West Point. Late in life he joined the Congregational Church and had to pass a formal examination. A smart young minister asked him what he would do with a communicant who said he could not smell the communion wine without falling from grace, to which Dr. Spraull succinctly replied: "Tell him to hold his nose.—*Pittsburg Times.*

MOSHANON ITEMS

Miss Ida Martin had a enjoyable birthday party Thursday evening, October 5th, at her parent's home, Mr. and Mrs. Jerome Martin. Among those present were Misses Minnie and Bessie Quick, Ida French, M. Anderson, Fietta Friese, Clara Walker, Susan and Chestie Hanscom, and Lovie Hanscom, Arvilla Veighdorfer; Messrs. Levi Fye, Daniel Flanagan, Felix McGowan, Clarence St. Clair, Clarence Weaver, James Pope, Abe Hanscom, John Vail, John Lucas, Jerome Hanscom and Harry Yeager. Many presents were given Miss Ida, and the supper, which was prepared by Mrs. Martin, was an elaberate affair and greatly enjoyed by all. Everybody had a good time and went home happy.

Mrs. Sophie Yondis gave quite a nice party at her place on Monday evening, October 9th. Dancing was the chief amusement. The following were present: Mrs. Mary Hanscom, Edna Fye, Susan and Ida Martin, Fietta Friese, Clara Walker, Susan, Chestie, Lovie, Laura and Lizzie Hanscom, Gertie and Maud Yeager, Lula Hanscom, and Messrs. John Williams and Harry Yeager, John Vail, John Lucas, Gurt Lomison, Felix McGowan, James Pope, Warren Hanscom, Milford Frank, Charles Yeager, Ozro and Arthur Hanscom, Thomas Fye, John Dunn, Abe and Jerry Hanscom and Theodore Lucas. Music was furnished by Mr. John A. Yeager.

Bold Boy.

READY TO RESUME OPERATION.

One of our citizens who visited Sandy Ridge yesterday says that the repairs to the fire brick works in that place are about completed and that the plant, which has been idle for more than a year, will start again next week, which will be a great blessing to that community. The shutting down of the works was a severe stroke to the citizens of that place, many of whom depended entirely upon the industry for sustenance. Many were forced to leave the place, and others obliged to seek employment in the mines at Powelton and wherever they could find work of any kind. Philipsburg *Journal.*

MARRIED.

Mr. Frank S. Musser, of Penn Hall, Centre Co., Pa., was married las Thursday evening at the residence of James High, near the State Normal, Lock Haven, to Miss Maggie I. Runkle, of Tusseyville, Centre Co., Pa. The ceremony was performed by Rev. C. B. Gruver, in the presence of a select company of friends and relatives. The happy couple spent a few days in that city before returning to their homes.

TO SPEAK IN OHIO.

General Hastings has been asked by Governor McKinley to make a few speeches in Ohio, and it is probable that he will do so next week. General Hastings has been on the stump in Ohio in two or three campaigns, and has become so popular there that he is one of those to whom the Republicans of Ohio always look when they go outside of their State for assistance.—Philadelphia *Press.*

—Last Saturday morning was a bad one for railroad travel. The early train on the Bald Eagle run into a tree somewhere down the valley knocking the pilot off the engine. The early train out over the Lewisburg was delayed at Spring Mills with a broken engine and the first train in over that road was delayed an hour by trees over the road.

PROF. JOSIAH JACKSON.

Dies at the Home of His Sister Last Wednesday.

Professor Josiah Jackson, who for the past fourteen years was professor of higher Mathematics at Pennsylvania State College, died at the home of his sister, Mrs. Dr. Hannah J. Price, Broad and Madison streets, Chester. Prof. Jackson had been ailing with heart trouble for some time, though his condition had not been regarded as critical. He had gone to Chester on leave of absence for his health and his death came like a sudden blow to all his friends.

Prof. Jackson was a man of high attainments, and was rated as one of the leading mathematicians in the state. He was born in 1829 near Kennet square, and was descended from "good old families" on both his father and mother's side. He was the oldest of eight children and his death is the first link dropped from the family chain. He leaves a wife and several children, among whom are J. P. Jackson, Professor of Electrical Engineering at State College; Dougald, professor of Electrical engineering in the Wisconsin State University; William, formerly engaged in banking in the far west, but now in business in the east, and Mrs. Reber, wife of Prof. Louis E. Reber, formerly of State College. The funeral was held last Saturday, interment being made at Longwood Meeting House in Chester county.

On Friday the Faculty of Ponnsylvania State College took action regarding his death, and adopted the following tribute of respect:

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

Professor Josiah Jackson died somewhat suddenly, and after a comparatively brief illness, at Chester, Pa., Oct. 10th 1893.

We, the Faculty of the Pennsylvania State College, realize that there has gone from among us a man whose strong individuality was a force in the growth of the college; whose warm, genial sympathies rendered his friendship a peculiar treasure; who, during long years of experience, as a teacher, had endeared himself to the hearts of a large circle of students.

We shall miss him in the management of the college, from our social circles, but, more than all else, from our hearts.

While, in this sudden removal from earth of our beloved colaborer and friend, we bow in loving submission to the Divine Will, we share in the bereavement which has so suddenly come upon the household, and extend to the afflicted wife and children our deepest sympathy, commending them to His care who has said, "I will not leave you comfortless, I will come to you."

THE FACULTY.

The Pennsylvania State College, Oct. 12, 1893.

DEATH OF JOHN HARPER.

Another of Bellefonte's Prominent Citizens Crosses the Dark River.

Last Thursday morning about 8 o'clock, John Harper, one of the oldest citizens of Bellefonte, died at his home on Thomas Street. He was past 87 years old and was always considered a well preserved and healthy man. Last month he attended the Granger's picnic at Centre Hall, and from there went to Brush Valley to visit friends. While away he was stricken with paralysis and as soon as able returned to his home in this place. Last Wednesday morning about 4 o'clock he had another stroke from which he failed to recover, dying about four hours afterwards.

Mr. Harper leaves to mourn his death two sons and one daughter, Dode Harper, of near Unionville; John W. Harper, of Lock Haven, and Miss Mollie Harper, who lived at home. His wife preceded him about twelve years having died while the family yet lived in Eagleville. Mr. Harper was what is known as a good, old-time Methodist, and for many years was always a faithful worker in his chosen church. In that place his presence and help will be greatly missed.

The funeral occurred last Saturday morning, services being held at the church. Interment was made in the Union cemetery.

SUSPENDED PUBLICATION.

A short announcement in Tuesdays' issue of the *Daily Gazette* stated that to be its last issue and that the paper would suspend for the present because it did not received the support it should. This climax was probably hastened by the fact that the constable had notice of sale posted on the door and that on Monday an execution was issued by Emanuel Brown on Judgment notes aggregating over $3,300 and placed in the hands of Sheriff Ishler, who made a levy and will sell the plant at an early date. The total judgments and costs against the property thus far entered foot up about four thousand dollars. And thus goes the world.

—The Juniata Mining and Manufacturing company, a concern owning extensive interests in Blair, Huntingdon and Centre counties, failed last Wednesday. A. M. Laporte, of Tyrone, and A. W. Sims, of Rockhill Furnace, were appointed receivers. The liabilities are placed at $35,000, with assets amounting to but $12,000. Gen. Robert A. McCoy, of Tyrone, who recently committed suicide, was President of the company.

FIVE HUNDRED NEW CARS.

The Beech Creek railroad company is having made at the Lebanon shops five hundred new cars for the Clearfield coal trade, fifty of which have been delivered.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

The style is known as the rapper coal car. They are equipped with air brakes similar to the cars in use by the New York Central road. The company is getting nine new engines from the works at Schenectady, N. Y.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

Miss Mary Thomas has gone to Philadelphia to visit friends.

G. W. Rumberger, of Philipsburg, spent a couple days in Bellefonte last week. Mission—politics.

Miss Patty Lane, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Lane, is now attending the select school of Mrs. McCullough, at Glencoe, Maryland.

Miles Kephart is now in Chicago taking in the sights of the World's big show. When he returns he will know more about it than any ten men who where there all summer.

Miss Minnie Hoy, of Coalport, Pa, is visiting her brother, Dr. H. K. Hoy, in this place. Miss Hoy is just on her way home from the World's Fair, where she spent several weeks looking at the wonderful sights there to be seen.

Henry Hall, of the Pittsburg *Times*, is traveling through this part of the State gathering interesting facts which he weaves in to entertaining articles for his paper. There are very few better newspaper writers in the State than just Mr. Hall.

Mr. J. E. Rickard, of Rush township, republican nominee for register, was in Bellefonte last week and favored this office with a brief call. Mr. Rickard is a pushing fellow and if he fails to be elected it will be through no fault of his own. Such men as he is would make model officials.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

J. D. Geissinger, of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, and Mary A. Tripple, of Bellefonte.

John A. Slack, of Tusseyville, and Annie E. Miller, of Spring township.

John H. Apgar and Cora Gray, of Philipsburg.

James H. Hill and Mary E. Gates, of Bellefonte.

Ammon J. Hazel and Carrie E. Roush, of Madisonburg.

Alvin Shuey and Julia A Grove, both of Lemont, Pa.

Arthur B. Beck and Eva B. Emerick, both of Nittany, Pa.

W. J. Wagner, of Centre Hall, and Catharine I. Hoy, of Bellefonte.

John T. Billet and Jennie B. Smith, both of Spring township.

DEATH OE AN AGED LADY.

Mrs. George Smith, formerly a resident of Boalsburg, Centre county, died at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Robert Gunsolas, East End extension, on Monday evening, aged 71 years. She was buried at Oak Ridge cemetery Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock. Four sons and two daughters survive her: George, John and William Smith, of Topeka, Kansas, and Samuel P. Smith, of this city; Mrs. Potts, of New Bloomfield, West Virginia, and Mrs. Robert Gunsolas of this city. Her husband and two children, David and Mrs. Fisher, preceded her to the grave. Altoona *Times.*

—At this season of the year when every man and boy who can beg or borrow an old gun is roving over the country in pursuit of squirrels or other game, it is well that he makes a note of the law of trespass. Some persons think that the signboards forbidding hunting or tresspassing upon private lands are of little account, and that they may be disregarded with impunity. This is a mistake, as a law makes it an act of trespass to go upon cultivated or enclosed land for any purpose without permission of the owner, even if there is no signboard, and the owner is entitled to recover actual damages for such trespass.

—Every Republican in Centre county should do all in their power for the success of the entire Republican ticket. With united effort success can be had. See to it that the right men are voted for and a change in the administration is sure to be the result.

—Mr. J. F. Harter of Millheim, the Republican candidate for sheriff, is in town to-day looking up his interests. There are few persons in the county that enjoy as great popularity as Mr. Harter.—Philipsburg *Journal*, October 11th.

CABBAGE FOR EVERYBODY.

Haupt & Son have thousands of heads of cabbage which they will sell at 1 cent a pound for best quality; ½ cent for sourkraut. Heads weigh from 5 to 15 pounds.

—Vote for Harter, Strohm and Riddle Comely, Rickard, Holmes, and all the rest if you want good county goverment.

—Bellefonte's representation to the Philipsburg demonstration yesterday was not as large as it should have been.

STOLE FOR A WOMAN.

Young Williams, the Tyrone Postoffice Thief, Sentenced.

A plea of guilty was entered before Judge Buffington in the United States Court at Pittsburg on Monday by S. M. Williams, the Tyrone youth, whose postoffice embezzlements were describe in The Republican a few weeks ago. Ex-Governor Beaver appeared as his attorney and presented a petition for clemency signed by nearly all the citizens of Tyrone, and the young man got off with a one-year sentence to the Huntingdon Reformatory.

The secret of young Williams' fall, so far as the court proceedings were concerned, remained a mystery, but a reporter was informed by a gentleman from the neighborhood attending court as a witness that there is a woman at the bottom of it.

Williams is only 20 years old and his mistake has aroused universal sympathy in the neighborhood where he lived. He was a member of the Presbyterian church and Rev. Mr. Furbay, his pastor, was among the petitioners for clemency. Mr. Furbay also paid a visit to United States District Attorney Hall last week to invoke his aid in securing a lenient sentence for the young prisoner.

HE HAD THE MONEY TO RETURN.

One of the strongest points in the young man's favor was that when arrested he had retained the money he had embezzled from the registered letters, about $800, in the identical bills he had taken. It is stated he had been saving it to elope with a young woman, and that the girl jilted him. At any rate, it is certain that some time before his arrest he consulted friends to see if there was any way by which he could return the money without being discovered.

Ex-Governor Beaver became interested in the case through an appeal of the boy's father, who is an old soldier and a comrade of the Governor. In his address to the Court yesterday he said that, like himself, the young man's father had left part of his body on the field of battle.

The speaker told the Court that the young man's motive was a mystery to all his neighbors. He could explain it, he said, but preferred not to do so. He then produced the testimonial to Williams' previous good character. It bore a formidable list of signatures, and earnestly prayed the Court to be lenient.

Captain C. J. W. Jones, postmaster of Tyrone, was put on the stand and testified to Williams' good character previous to committing the thefts and to his competency as a clerk.

EX-GOVERNOR BEAVER'S REQUEST.

Ex-Governor Beaver then asked that the youth be sentenced to the Huntingdon Reformatory in stead of to the penitentiary.

Judge Buffington, in sentencing the young prisoner to a year at Huntingdon, spoke very kindly to him and earnestly expressed the hope that at regaining his liberty he would be able to become a useful citizen and to re-establish himself in the good opinion of society. Williams, who is a slight, pale youth, but still rather handsome, was very composed during most of the time that the Judge was addressing him, but a few tears trickled dowe his face at the encouraging words from the grave man on the bench.

It is expected that by means of good conduct the prisoner will not have to serve more than six months of his sentence. Ex-Governer Beaver believes that an acquittal might have been secured an the ground of insanity, there being many persons to testify to the young man's queer actions. Such a defense would, however, the Governor thinks, have injured him more in after life than a sentence to Huntingdon.

—These nights are clear and cool.

Bellefonte Markets.

Red Wheat, per bushel	$ 62
Mixed wheat per bushel	60
Buckwheat, new, per bushel	40
Rye per bushel	60
Corn (shelled)	50
Corn (ears)	45
Oats	35
Barley	48
Clotverseed, fair to good	8 40
do prime and extra prime	9.00
do choice	9 60
Flour, retail, per barrel	5.00
Flour, wholesale	4 40
Hay choice mixed, per ton	10 00
" prime timothy " "	11.00
" choice " " "	12.00

Provision Markets.

Corrected weekly by Eureka Grocery.

Apples, dried, per pound	8
Green apples, per bushel	80
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	10
Dried Currants, per pound	10
New Raisins, per pound	10 — 13
Beans, per quart	10
Fresh Butter, per pound	25
Cheese, per pound	16
Country Ham, per pound	15
Hams, sugar cured	18
Shoulders	17
Breakfast Bacon	17
Country Bacon	16
Lard, leaf, per pound	16
Lard, country, per pound	12
Eggs, per dozen	15
Potatoes, per bushel	85
Dried Beef	25
Canned Beef, 2 pound can	25
Country Side, per pound	10
Canned Tomatoes, per can	12—15
Canned Corn, per can	12½—18
Lemons, per dozen	30
Oranges, per dozen	40—50
Dried sweet Corn, per pound	10
Apple Butter, per gallon	8
Roller Flour, per sack	1 25